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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, DODGERS, STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.
In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

A follower of Malthus declares that in 100 years the United States will have a population of 3,000,000,000.

Kansas City dirt still retains its value. Forty-five hundred dollars per front foot, the price paid for forty feet on Main street the other day, is the largest sum ever received for a piece of ground in the Mission city.

A tenant in New York, to annoy his landlord, paid his rent of $30 per month in pennies. Finally the landlord appealed to the courts, and it was decided that he could not be compelled to receive more than $5 in pennies at any one time from his tenant.

Young men should take note of the fact, observes the Atlanta Constitution, that in future their chances as clerks, bookkeepers, typewriters, stenographers, etc., will be only half as good as formerly, for the reason that women are now receiving a business education to fit them for such positions.

A manager of a Western telephone office with an inclination for statistics estimates that about one in every eight telephone girls get married annually. Men probably conclude, suggests the New York Press, that a girl who can keep her temper unruffled in a telephone office is not apt to develop into a shrewish wife.

The extent to which British sportsmen slaughter the half-time game that is preserved in the private parks of noblemen is indicated by the returns for the Eynsham Hall estate, in Oxfordshire, where 24,828 head of game were killed during the last shooting season. In 13 days 16,619 head were bagged. "The sport must have been almost as exciting as shooting pigeons from a tram," is the comment of the New Orleans Picayune.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press thus sets right uninformed people who suppose the buffalo skin is still a commercial product: "The Jovelike editor of Harper's Weekly sometimes nods. In an article on Chicago hotel sights one of its young men comments on the fur overcoats, remarking that those made of buffalo skins were most frequently seen. Full sharp the eye of that youth, indeed. One solitary buffalo skin was sold in St. Paul last year to an Englishman as a curiosity for the sum of $200, and these hides cannot now be obtained for love or money."

Orange growers of California have made a valuable discovery in protecting their groves from occasional cold nights, which sometimes prevail even there. An iron cask filled with oil is distributed to each acre, with rows of pipes that supply oil to open platters, on which the oil is burned with a sputtering noise, and at the same time making a dense smoke. It costs $25 per acre to provide the plant, and for occasional use in winter $7 more per acre will be required. The expense, thinks the American Cultivator, could be afforded by growers of peaches and strawberries in cases where the entire crop was threatened.

According to the Atlanta Constitution, Clay, Calhoun, Webster, Choate, and Phillips, while not addicted to memorization, usually made no formal addresses and speeches which were not the result of severe preparation. Some of the nobler flights of Webster, like those of Sheridan's, had long been prepared. Notably was this the case with the glowing peroration of his reply to Hayne. Edward Everett religiously memorized his addresses even to the attitudes and gestures. Charles Sumner followed the same practice. Lincoln's Gettysburg speech is said to have been written on the back of an envelope while he was on the cars on his way to that battle field and was read from this manuscrip'. Roscoe Conkling's more elaborate speeches were largely committed to memory.

Whatever may be said pro or con on the ethical question of woman's right to cast a ballot the movement in its favor seems to the New York Herald to be gaining little by little, now and then, here and there, and rarely to be losing where it has once gained a footing. The first place where women voted among English speaking peoples is said to have been—strangely enough—the Isle of Man. From England the women suffrage movement took a long leap to the Northwestern states and territories, being established in Wyoming and Kansas and coming into use in many widely sections for local purposes. It was thought that the desire on the part of the Kansas women to vote was decreasing, but the last election showed that the resignation was large and that the percentage of actual voters to those who registered was much greater than for the men. New York and other Eastern states allowed women to vote for school boards. Now the custom of woman suffrage appears to be on the eve of adoption in Arkansas and Illinois. Like democracy, the movement may be compared to the sea, which always takes, but never gives back again.

In the Meadow.

As lovely as the rose of June,
She came about the day's decline,
Where, sparkling to the summer moon,
The dewy meadow grasses shine
The pearly feet, that twinkled through
The flow'rs so lightly lit on them,
They shook not down a drop of dew
From cow-slip cup or clover-stem.

By yonder wayside hedge she came;
A moment there I saw her turn,
Where clover-tops, with crimson flame
Within the shadow shine and burn.
The briar-rose above the stile
Hath somehow taken a richer pink,
'Twas there she paused a little while
With backward—smiling face, I think.

To peep at her the marigold
Tip-toed upon the meadow's edge;
A honeysuckle flushed and bold,
Came clambering o'er the blossomed hedge,
White lily leaves are tumbled down
Along the footpath, velvet grassed,
Just where they fell to kiss the gown
That brushed them as my darling passed.

I think the little winds, that stir
The petals of the dreaming rose,
Are odorous because of her;
With purpler bloom the meadow blows
The very flowers she came to cull,
The buttercup and Marguerite,
Than others are more beautiful
By reason of her passing feet.
—[P. J. Coleman, in Philadelphia Ledger.

THAT MYSTERY.

"Now, Phil, really, what do you like best—the white blouse or the pink?"

"My dearest Blanche, you look lovely in either."

"No, but really?"

"And truly!"

"You're too ridiculous, Phil," cried Mrs. Lorimer, laughing. "As a lady's maid you are not a success—go and smoke your cigarette on the balcony, and I'll be ready in a second."

Mr. Lorimer obeyed with the submission and alacrity of a newly-made spouse, and, moreover, waited with a patience and resignation only to be found in a man whose married life can still be counted by weeks.

"I haven't been long, have I?" asked his wife with delightful conviction, when she returned after an interval, "and, oh, Phil, don't you think this is the most perfectly lovely place on the face of the earth?"

Mr. Lorimer's answer was somewhat wide of the mark, and by no means worthy of record, but certainly Eden-on-Sea was a delightful spot.

"It's delicious," repeated Mrs. Lorimer, ecstatically; "but come, Phil. I'm quite ready for my drive! Oh, there, my shoe is undone; do tie it up for me."

Philip was kneeling at her feet, and she was laughingly instructing him in the art of tying a shoe lace, when, to the unutterable confusion of both, the room door opened and a stranger stood in the doorway.

"Excuse me, I am afraid I have made a mistake."

Mr. Lorimer jumped up, glaring at the intruder savagely.

"I thought this was my room, No. 24."

"This is 24A," growled Lorimer. "Your room is the next on the left."

"Thank you; a thousand pardons!" and with a courteous bow the stranger withdrew.

"Idiot!" began Phil, but Mrs. Lorimer interrupted him.

"Oh, did you ever see such a handsome man? He had a face like an archangel!"

"Archangel be—pulverized! I think people might take the trouble to see that they don't blunder into other people's rooms! Come along, Blanche, the carriage is waiting!"

The evening passed pleasantly enough, and when toward its close Mr. and Mrs. Lorimer lounged upon their balcony in the moonlight, it seemed as if there could be nothing to mar the delights of the best of all possible words. Suddenly a terribly discordant note was struck.

"Listen!" whispered Blanche.

"Eh, what?" said Phil, whose whole attention had been engrossed by his companion, and who, unlike her, had not the feminine knack of doing two things at the same time.

"Don't you hear some one talking in the next room?" whispered Blanche.

"Well?"

"But they're quarreling; listen!"

"Not I. Why shouldn't they quarrel if they like? Let's go in!"

But at that moment, a woman's voice, low and piteous, reached their ears.

"Oh Frank! have you no pity?"

"There, didn't you hear?" whispered Blanche, in awestruck tones.

"Yes; and I don't mean to hear any more. Come in, Blanche."

"How stupid you are, Phil! They are in the next room, I tell you!" she reiterated impatiently.

"What of it?"

Mrs. Lorimer gave a little petulant stamp.

"There was no one with that gentleman who came in here this afternoon, and he was alone at table d'hote! Now, do you understand?"

Phil gave a low whistle, but before he could make any remark the wailing voice reached them again.

"Frank, don't force me! I cannot! I will not. It is too awful!"

Phil drew his wife quickly into the room and closed the window, nosily.

"But, Phil, ain't you going to do anything? Suppose"——

"Stuff and nonsense!" interrupted Phil, gruffly; "it's no business of ours! But your archangel does not seem to be a very amiable person!"

"But don't you think"——

"I think it's time to turn in!" replied her husband, decisively; for Philip was a true Britisher, with a noted objection to putting his fingers into other people's pies. Every man for himself, and Scotland Yard for us all, was his motto.

Blanche, on the other hand, was a true daughter of Eve, and she determined to discover, if possible, whose voice it was that she had heard, and what was the meaning of its piteous appeal. If possible, but how was it to be done?

Chance gave her an opening, which she was quick to seize. Having gone up to her room after breakfast next morning, she found the chambermaid still busy with her dusting.

"Oh! you can go on," she said, smiling, as she seated herself by the window. The maid was clearly the very person to enlighten her. But how to come to the point?

"I am afraid I am dreadfully untidy," Blanche began, after a moment, with a conciliating little smile.

"Not at all, madam," replied the girl, demurely.

"Have you many rooms to do?" continued Mrs. Lorimer, with kindly interest.

"The whole of this floor, madam."

"Does the lady in the next room give much trouble?"

"There is no lady in No. 24, madam; only a gentleman who arrived yesterday. Anything I can get for you, madam?"

"No, thank you."

Here was a mystery! No lady in No. 24, and yet that was undoubtedly a woman's voice last night! It was most extraordinary; and Blanche communicated the result of her investigation with intense trepidation. Phil, however, declined to be interested in the affai , or to discuss it in any way, so his wife was forced to keep her conjectures to herself, and they were of a nature anything but flattering to the male occupant of No. 24.

As the day wore on, the keenness of her interest in the handsome stranger and his mysterious companion waned somewhat before the more enthralling problems connected with her own costume for the dance which was to be given that evening. Phil had an anxious time pending the settlement of these questions, but in due course all of them were disposed of in the most successful manner, as was sufficiently proved by the crowd of partners who flocked round Mrs. Lorimer as soon as she made her appearance in the ballroom. Blanche had, indeed, quite forgotten the mystery of No. 24 in the excitement of the ball, when it was recalled to her by the sight of their neighbor standing in the doorway Her heart beat fast as she noted—what woman ever fails to do it?—that his eye followed her round the room with a glance of interest and admiration.

"Now," she thought to herself, "he will ask me to dance, and I shall be able to put some searching questions to him."

The hope, however, was doomed to disappointment. The stranger contented himself with admiring Mrs. Lorimer from a distance, and for once at least that little lady retired to her room not altogether satisfied with herself.

It was again a brilliant, moonlit summer's night, and Blanche threw herself into a capacious chair by the window, prior to disrobing. She was commencing a somewhat petulant complaint upon the shortcomings of the evening's entertainment, when suddenly she was pulled up short by a low, blood-curdling wail from the adjoining room.

Blanche started up, white and frightened.

"Phil, what was that?"

Before he could reply, the moan of pain become articulate, and once more the woman's voice reached them in low, distinct tones through the open window.

"Frank, let me out! Have mercy on me! Oh, let me out!"

A man's voice, again in gruff, unintelligible reply, and then once again the piteous, pleading voice:

"I'll do anything, Frank! I'll never tell anybody you are my husband. Only let me go!"

Blanche's grasp on her husband's hand tightened. Philip listened not less intently than she did.

"Have pity, Frank, have pity! Don't you remember that you used to say you loved me? Why are you so cruel now? I never did you any harm. Oh! let me out! I can't bear it! You can have all my money, every penny; only don't make me go back!"

A brutal, unqualified oath was the sole answer to this appeal; it was followed by a faint, smothered cry.

"No! no! never! I will not go back into that horrible box! I had rather be killed outright!"

There was absolute silence for a second, and Blanche and Philip stood breathless; then came a muffled shriek of agony.

"No! no! oh, no, Frank! I did not mean it! I'll do what you like! don't kill me! Help! Help!"

With a cry of righteous rage Phil dropped his wife's hand and dashed across the balcony. He shook the closed windows vigorously, regardless of everything save the frantic desire to prevent a horrible crime.

A dead silence had followed the woman's last cry, and when at last Lorimer forced the windows and bounded into the room, he found it in darkness, except for the streak of weird moonlight that followed him.

In the darkness he could just discern the figure of a man standing by a hugh, black trunk.

"What is the meaning of this?" asked the man, advancing, but Phil pushed him roughly aside.

"What have you done with that unfortunate woman?"

"A feebly moan struck on his ear. "Where are you?" he cried, "I will help you."

"Oh, let me out! let me out!" came to him in feeble—it seemed almost dying—tones.

"You brute!" cried Lorimer, beside himself with excitement and indignation.

At this moment the room was invaded by a motley crowd in all stages of deshabile, for, after Phil's departure, Blanche had raised an alarm in such incoherent fashion that half the hotel was swarming into No. 24, uncertain whether murder, fire or sudden death was the cause of the midnight disturbance.

"It is his wife," explained Phil, frantically. He's been trying to kill her. She is hidden here somewhere."

"Here! here! Oh, I am dying!"

"The trunk!" cried some one. With one accord they bore down upon the huge black trunk; every one's fingers were thrust forward to unbuckle the straps, the moaning growing fainter, and fainter, till, as the last fastening gave way, it ceased altogether.

"We are too late," cried Phil, as he threw open the lid. "The poor thing is"——He stopped, started back, and looked around in bewilderment. The rest of the company crowded forward and peered into the trunk.

"Why, it's empty!" they exclaimed in chorus.

"Gentlemen! gentlemen!" cried the suave voice of the hotel proprietor from the door. "What does this mean?"

"We don't know," cried every one, uncertain whether to be greatly amused or intensely indignant.

"This gentleman," continued the proprietor, indicating his guest of the seraphic countenance, who stood smiling silently, "this gentleman is Mr. Delavere Darcey, the celebrated ventriloquist, who will appear tomorrow evening at the Winter Gardens. He has been amusing you with a little private rehearsal?"

* * * * * * *

There was a most gratifying attendance at the Winter Gardens on the following night to witness Mr. Delavere Darcey's entertainment, for, as the poet tells us—

Great are the uses of advertisement.

But neither Phillip Lorimer nor his wife was among the audience. They had left Eden-on-Sea by an early train.—[London Truth.

Where Green-Backs are Redeemed.

With a "pass" from the Treasurer we may walk through the Redemption Division, as it is called, where the worn-out bank-bills are received and cancelled and destroyed. You would be amazed to see the skill with which fragments of bills that have been soaked in water nearly to a pulp, scorched and crisped by fire, or gnawed by rats, are pieced together on paper the size of the original bill, so that their value can be found. When all is done, they are placed under a glass, which is also of the same size as the bill, and is divided into sections that will show very nearly the precise fractional part of the bill which is missing, so that if a tenth part of a one-dollar bill is gone, the bill is at once seen to be worth but ninety cents. The women do this work with surprising accuracy and dexterity. It is not always pleasant work, for the money is sometimes fearful stuff to handle when it comes in to be counted—reeking with filth, and having a shocking odor. That which is to be destroyed or replaced with new is put on a machine run by a turbine wheel, which punches the packages in several spots so that it would be nearly impossible to use the bills again, and it is then taken to a peculiar furnace to be burned, where the coloring matter, chemical and metallic, of its substance makes a curious vividly tinted slag.—[Harper's Young People.

Visible Evidence.

Jones—I saw a fellow yesterday with a cool thousand.

Brown—How did you know it was cool?

Jones—It must have been. 'Twas in a draft.

ODD FUNERAL RITES.

Peculiar Burial Customs of the Mojave Indians.

Showing Their Grief By Eating the Corpse's Horses.

On the banks of the lower Colorado, among the gravel mesas and mesquite-covered valleys, live the Mojave Indians, having their commercial headquarters at The Needles, Cal., famed as the hottest place in the United States excepting Death Valley, and their seat of learning, supported by the Government at Fort Mojave, A. T. In Western Arizona, where snow and ice are unknown, clothing is useless except for ornament, and the mesquite tree bears all the fruit needed to sustain life, we find the Mojave Indians to resemble in appearance and habits the natives of Central Africa except in the particulars of curly hair and thick lips, having the same scorn for the restraints of clothing, and the same passionate fondness for brilliant plumage and gaudy cosmetics. Peculiar are the customs of these benighted people, but there is none more unique than the ceremony connected with their disposal of their dead.

An Indian woman died recently, and we attended the funeral, four of us, writes a correspondent of the San Francisco Chronicle. The Mojaves practice cremation, and the cremating commences as soon as the breath is out of the body, as witness the fact that the woman died at noon and was on the funeral pile at fifteen minutes past. Indeed, it is said that the mourners are sometimes startled at seeing the dead come to life again when the fire begins to grow fervent. Not many hicos as the white people are called, are accorded the privilege of attending these ceremonies, but as we stand well with one of the wise men of the tribe, we were invited to be present. As soon as we could swallow our dinners we started for the place, and were guided there by the wailings of the friends of the departed, consisting of every man, woman and child present at the festivities. You can see the reasonableness of my calling it by such a name when you are told that the affair concludes by the killing and eating of all the horses of the departed, and every one goes to his own hut feeling that he has enjoyed himself greatly.

The Mojaves believe in demonstrating their feelings through the agency of the mouth and limbs, and this woman, being much beloved, the mourners were many and their grief could be heard a mile away. If ever you have heard a pack of coyotes howling forth their misery in the middle of the night, when they howl most artistically, you have this noise to a dot.

Arriving at the place we found a hole dug in the ground about ten feet in diameter and two feet deep, heaped full of wood and surmounted by the body of the deceased. This was burning, and around it in picturesque attitudes were all the friends trying to outdo each other in exclamations of grief. The head doctor, for the Mojaves have physicians, stood by the side of the genius who stirred the fire, giving directions for the most rapid destruction of the body, which he had, no doubt, with great skill assisted in becoming a corpse. He thus carried his functions a step further than the physicians in civilized life.

One old fellow, who seemed to be the minister, was standing within the circle haranguing the assembly, doubtless on the many virtues of the departed, and when he seemed to make an unusually good point the mourners manifested their appreciation by an increase in the force of their groans.

Finally the relatives and friends ate the horses that were the property of the deceased, and went home firmly believing that the dead woman's spirit is roaming untroubled in "Ghost Mountain," just across the river.

All Tightened Their Belts.

"During the Basutu war of 1880," said Perry Ingram, "I was one of the 500 that composed the Kimberly Horse. We were in fort on Thlotes Heights; the Basutus, about 500 strong were amusing themselves potting at us from the other side of the Thlotes River, and one day they took it into their heads to send about 1200 warriors across the stream, over fords above and below us, to do us up. As it happened that morning about 250 of us were detailed to escort a couple of six-pounders up the hill to the fort from below, and on our return trip the Basutus got between us and the encampment. We threw out in open file while they rode down on us—they were well mounted, were those Basutus—and we had orders to hold fire until they were about 100 yards away. Well, when they came within the given range we fired, but instead of scaring them by killing off a hundred or so, the beggars still came on. Dismounting from their horses they seized their assegais—the hill was black with them—and they rushed on us.

"'It's all up now, boys,' thought I, for when those chaps take it into their heads to charge they do it. While I was thrusting another cartridge into my rifle I felt a bit queer about the throat, and somehow, I can't tell how, it seemed as though my stomach was empty. Now, I know what it is to be scared, but I was not frightened then. There was no time to get frightened. It was just stand and fight till you dropped dead full of spear holes. I laid down my rifle for a second to loosen my revolver in its case, and then, from some involuntary instinct that I cannot explain, I drew in my belt a couple of inches around my waist. As I did so I looked around at the fellows nearest me. Every one of them was cinching up just the same as myself.

"Just for a moment everything on our side was silence and the Basutus were not seventy yards away. Then we all commenced blazing away again and yelling, as men do in battle. The fire frightened the blacks. They came within fifty yards of us, then turned tail and fled. We kept blazing away as long as they were in range and then suddenly ceased. The strain was gone, the peril of death over. Only a moment before it had seemed as though our little band was to be utterly wiped off the earth. It was a suffocating day, so I laid down my gun to wipe the sweat and powder from my forehead. Then I set about loosening my belt. As I did so I turned to the 10 fellows nearest me. Every one of them was doing the same."—[San Francisco Examiner.

Diving Ninety-Five Feet.

London's latest thrill is derived from the feat of a man who dives down ninety-five feet from the roof of the Westminster Aquarium into a narrow and comparatively shallow tank of water, set in the floor of the building. The exploit calls for an astounding combination of nerve and skill, and is far more noteworthy than any of the bridge-jumping acts which have been so tiresomely frequent of late years.

The diver is Thomas Burns, who has acquired considerable notoriety as a diver from bridges and as an expert swimmer, and not a little fame from his having saved no fewer than thirty-two lives during his career. He is a sturdily built man, some 26 years of age. He has frequently dived from bridges over a hundred feet high into rivers, but his dive at the Aquarium is a very different affair. He stands on a tiny platform suspended among the iron girders of the roof, ninety-five feet above the floor, and sees below him, instead of a broad, deep river, a mass of flaring, bewildering lights, a sea of upturned faces, and in the wooden floor of the stage what seems from that height to be a mere slot, the tank which he must surely land in. The tank is eighteen feet long, eight feet wide, and seven feet deep. The diver actually dives, takes a header, and does not drop feet foremost, after the manner of the bridge-jumpers. The marvelous precision required to land in the tank is easily appreciable, as is also the fate that would befall him should he miss his mark.—[New York Sun.

Effects of Intense Heat.

In such a structure as the Ames building the heat generated by the burning of the vast masses of combustible goods stored in the rooms is intense almost beyond conception. In such fires iron columns, thick glass skylights, and even brick walls melt, and the temperature throughout a space covered by the structure, and for a height which, in the case of the Ames building, is said to have been nearly 200 feet, must be far above white heat.

When immersed in such a temperature, either by the burning of goods around it, or by an attack through the windows of a sea of flame from a neighboring building, timber, instead of burning from the outside, seems to decompose suddenly, setting free large volumes of gas, which leave the non-volatile part of the timber in the shape of a loose heap of charcoal, torn to fragments by the violence with which the gasses, and, perhaps, a little steam, have been liberated.

During the burning of the Ames building great numbers of fragments of blazing charcoal, several inches long, and appearing to have been separated from large timbers, fell in the neighboring streets, and the violence with which the flames poured through the windows and across a street fifty feet wide setting fire instantly to the buildings on the opposite side, shows how freely the great mass of fuel furnished by the structure itself, as well as by the goods stored in it, must have burned.—[American Architect.

Welcome Information.

Tramp—Please, mum, I haven't a friend or relative in the world.

Housekeeper—Well, I'm glad there is no one to worry over you in case you get hurt. Here, Tige!—[New York Weekly.

When I Am Tired.

O, love not alone when days are bright,
And azure skies smile on the waiting earth,
When hearts respond to the sweet world of light,
And love, as 'twere, the heritage of birth.
Not then alone,
But love me still, my own,
When I am tired.

When I am tired—bowed down with divers cares,
That knock not at your gate and will not go;
When the gray earth is saddened unawares,
And lids are drooping and pulses low,
Oh, turn again,
And stay more fondly then
When I am tired.

Love me and do not seek for love's reply
Linger without the hand's detaining plea;
Let me but feel your soothing presence nigh
And know the rarest blessing is for me
Of tender care,
Though days be dark or fair.—
When I am tired.
[Chicago Inter-Ocean.

HUMOROUS.

A man is as old as he feels, but not always as big.

When a paragrapher makes a joke about cork he naturally expects it will float.

"Silent watches of the night"—The wooden ones in front of a jewelry store.

She—Is he a still life painter? He—No, quite the reverse. He paints children.

A headlight is a good thing for the engine, but a light head is not a good thing for the engineer.

He—Why don't you light the lamp your father gave you? Because, dear, it is so hard to turn down.

Jagson says if most men's consciences should talk out loud they would be sued for slander.

Doctor—My good woman, does your son always stutter? Mother—Not always, sir. Only when he attempts to talk.

At paring: He—And what would you do, miss, if I were to steal a kiss from you. She—Dear me, how can I tell beforehand?

The speaker who says he only wants five minutes may be a man of unquestionable taste, but his remarks are pretty sure to be ill-timed.

Kitty—Isn't it wonderful how well Jack gets along on a small salary? Tom (guardedly)—Ah, well, you see, he owes a great deal to his friends.

Applicant—I think you will find some stability about me, sir. Business man—What business have you been in? "Taking care of horses."

Though man has but himself to blame
For nearly all his ills,
He hates like thunder, just the same,
To pay the doctor's bills.

Maud—How do you like the new way I do my hair, Frank? Frank (wanting to say something particularly nice)—Why, you look at least thirty years younger.

"In this poem of yours you make use of the phrase, 'fair Hawaii,' said the writer's friend. "Yes." "You shouldn't do it. Hawaii is not fair. She is distinctly a brunette."

"That bit of architecture," said the builder, "was modeled after one of Europe's most famous structures." "Modeled!" repeated the crusty capitalist—"You mean muddled."

"But why do you object to Henry, father?" "Because he has no prospects," replied the millionaire, sternly. "But you forget, father, what good prospects Henry would have if you didn't object."

"You have had many severe trials, I dare say," said the tender-hearted housewife. "Yes," said Rust Rufus, spearing another cold potato with his fork, "but on account of my youth I've ginerly got off purty light."

"What a mendacious duffer you are, Phibbs!" said Dibbs. "You said this was an orphan asylum, instead of which it is an old men's home." "Well, you go in and look for an old man who isn't an orphan. You won't find him."

"I consider Mr. Johnson a very nice fellow," said Mrs. Brown the other evening to Mrs. Robinson at Lady Douglass' party. "I don't," said R. "Why, he's not a bit like men who come to see me." "Well, that is nothing against him," rejoined Mrs. B., with acidity.

At a railway station, an old lady said to a very pompous-looking gentleman, who was talking about steam communications: "Pray, sir, what is steam?" "Steam, ma'am, is ah—ah! steam is—!" "I knew that chap couldn't tell ye," said a rough-looking fellow standing by; "but steam is a bucket of water in a tremendous perspiration."

A poor son of the Emerld Isle applied for employment to a avaracious hunks, who told him he employed no Irishmen, "for the last one died on my hands and I was forced to bury him at my own charge." Ah! your honor," said Pat, brightening up, "and is that all? Then you'd give me the place, for, sure I can get a certificate that I never died in the employ of any master I ever served."

NAMED BY CLEVELAND.

A Minister, Consuls, Territorial Officers, and a First Comptroller.

The President announced the following appointments:

Alexander McDonald, of Virginia, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Persia.

Consuls-General—Wallace S. Jones, of Florida, at Rome; Alfred D. Jones, of North Carolina, at Shanghi.

Stephen Bonsal, of Maryland, to be Secretary of the Legation of the United States to China.

Consuls—James B. Taney, of West Virginia, at Belfast; Charles T. Lyons, of New York, at Zanzibar; Harvey Johnson, of Georgia, at Antwerp; Benjamin Lanthter, of Massachusetts, at Sherbrook; Harrison P. Williams, of Missouri, at San Jose, Costa Rica; Ralph Johnson, of New York, at Fort Erie; Henry P. Du Bellett, of Texas, at Rheims; James C. Monaghan, of Rhode Island, at Chemnitz, Charles Schaefer, of Kansas, at Vera Cruz.

William C. Renfrow, of Oklahoma, to be Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma.

Charles C. Richards, of Utah, to be Secretary of Utah.

Charles M. Bruce, to be Secretary of Arizona.

Robert B. Bowler, of Ohio, to be First Comptroller of the Treasury.

A SCORE DROWNED.

A Religious Procession Precipitated Into the Gallego.

An incident by which twenty persons lost their lives is reported from the province of Saragossa, Spain, near Santa Eulalia, in that province.

A religious procession was crossing on pontoons the Gallego River, which runs from the Pyrenees to the Ebro.

One of the pontoons collapsed under the weight of the procession and a large number of persons were plunged into the water. Twenty perished in the river, and scores of others were rescued in an exhausted condition.

ITALY'S BAD CROPS.

She Must Import Grain Enough to Meet the Budget's Deficit.

Reports to the Government from the prefects of the various districts throughout Italy show that the drought has caused such damage to the grain crops that Italy will be compelled to import this year 113,500,000 bushels of grain in excess of the ordinary amount imported.

As the duty is five lire on a quintal, the receipts on this account will probably cover the deficit in the Italian budget.

OFFICIAL reports show that the heights of Quebec, Canada, are crumbling. The rampart wall facing the Parliament buildings has fallen and reveals cracks and fissures in the solid rock, such as indicate that large sections of the enormous elevations are becoming detached bodily, and may at any time give way in a mass of ruins.

PUBLIC prayers are being offered in many cities of Central and Southern Russia for abatement of the severity of the weather. In a recent snowstorm in the Government of Smolens twelve men and many cattle were frozen to death.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

19		
BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, 1892, choice	$2 40	@ $2 45
Medium, 1892, choice	1 92	@ 1 95
Pea, 1892, choice	1 87½	@ 1 90
Red kidney, 1892, choice	2 60	@ 2 75
White kidney, 1892, choice	2 10	@ 2 25
Lima, Cal., ₱ bush	2 10	@ 2 12½
Green peas, 1892, ₱ bbl	1 85	@ 1 90
BUTTER.		
Creamery—St. & Penn., extra	29½	@ 30
St. & Penn., first	—	@ —
Western, firsts	28	@ 29
Western, second	27	@ 27½
Western, third	25	@ 26
State dairy—half tubs and pails, extras	29½	@ 30
Half tubs and pails, firsts	28	@ 29
Half tubs and pails, second	27	@ 27½
Welsh tubs, extras	—	@ —
Welsh tubs, firsts	28	@ 29
Welsh tubs, seconds	26	@ 27
Western Im. creamery, firsts	26	@ 27
W. Im. creamery, seconds	23	@ 24
W. Im. creamery, thirds	—	@ 22
Western Factory, fresh, firsts	25	@ 26
W. Factory, seconds	22	@ 23
W. Factory and dairy, thirds	20	@ —
CHEESE.		
State Factory—Full cream, white, fancy	11¾	@ 12
Full cream, colored, fancy	11¾	@ 12
Full cream, good to prime	10½	@ 11
Part skims, choice	—	@ —
Part skims, good to prime	4	@ 5
Part skims, common	2	@ 3
Full skims	½	@ 1½
EGGS.		
State and Penn'a Fresh	—	@ 16½
Western—Fresh, fancy	16¼	@ 16½
Duck eggs	16	@ 21
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Apples—King, ₱ bbl	—	@ —
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	2 50	@ 3 25
Russet, ₱ bbl	2 00	@ 3 00
Grapes, up river, Del., 5 lb	—	@ —
Florida oranges, ₱ box	2 00	@ 5 50
Cranberries, Jersey, crate	—	@ —
HOPS.		
State—1892, choice	21	@ 21½
1892, prime	20	@ 21½
1892, common to good	18	@ 19½
Old odds	5	@ 10
LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn	—	@ 15
Western, ₱ lb	—	@ 15
Chickens, local, ₱ lb	—	@ —
Western, ₱ lb	—	@ —
Roosters, old, ₱ lb	9	@ 9½
Turkeys, ₱ lb	13	@ —
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., ₱ pair	80	@ 1 12
Western, ₱ pair	70	@ 90
Geese, Western, ₱ pair	1 00	@ 1 37
Pigeons, ₱ pair	40	@ 55
DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.		
Turkeys, ₱ lb	10	@ 16
Chickens, Phila, ₱ lb	35	@ 50
Western, ₱ lb	—	@ —
Fowls—St. and West, ₱ lb	13½	@ 14
Ducks—Fair to fancy, ₱ lb	—	@ —
Eastern, ₱ lb	—	@ —
Spring, L. I., ₱ lb	—	@ —
Geese—Western, ₱ lb	—	@ —
Squabs—Dark ₱ doz	2 25	@ 2 50
White, ₱ doz	—	@ 3 50
VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes—State, ₱ bbl	2 00	@ 2 50
Jersey, prime, ₱ bbl	2 00	@ 2 25
Jersey, inferior, ₱ bbl	1 25	@ 1 75
L. I., in bulk, ₱ bbl	2 50	@ 2 75
Cabbage, Florida, ₱ crate	1 00	@ 1 75
Onions—Eastern, yellow, bbl	—	@ —
Eastern, red, ₱ bbl	1 75	@ 2 50
State, ₱ bbl	—	@ —
Squash—Marrow, ₱ bbl	—	@ —
Sweet potatoes, Va., ₱ bbl	—	@ —
South Jersey, ₱ bbl	3 50	@ 5 00
Asparagus, doz. bunches	1 50	@ 3 50
GRAIN, ETC.		
Flour—City Mill Extra	—	@ —
Patents	3 90	@ 4 00
Wheat, No. 2 Red	—	@ 82
Rye—State	60	@ 62
Barley—Two-rowed State	65	@ 66
Corn—Ungraded White	50	@ 51½
Oats—No. 2 White	42½	@ 42½
Mixed Western	—	@ —
Hay—Good to Choice	60	@ 90
Straw—Long Rye	60	@ 65
Lard—City Steam	10.25	@ 10.50
LIVE STOCK.		
Beeves, City dressed	8	@ 9½
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@ 50 00
Calves, City dressed	7	@ 10
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs	5 00	@ 6 75
Lambs ₱ lb	4	@ 7½
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs	7 75	@ 8 00
Dressed	8½	@ 10½

The North Carolinian.

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For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE WISE FARMER.

It has become quite common for professional men to say "the ignorant farmer" without impeachment, but farming is a scientific business, and professional men are generally as ignorant of farming as farmers are generally ignorant of professions; and a proof of this assertion is seen in the facts that as many professional men fail at their business as do farmers at farming.

Successful farming is a science combined of sciences, whether it is learned from books or by practical observation and labor. The farmer is a chemist of soils and a botanist of plants, whether he knows the Latin or Greek terms used in the scientific books or not. His experience and labor teach him what has been recorded in scientific books, and he knows in his "English" ways.

Every soil on a farm produces differently in the same field, and every plant the farmer raises requires peculiar soil and cultivation to produce the best crop.

Observation of plants and soils gives the farmer annual lessons, and so far he becomes a botanist and and chemist, practically, and without claiming to be so learned a person. The industrious farmer has a large amount of modesty and reservation of character, while he thinks and labors; and this fact is a reason why he is often called "the ignorant farmer."

Besides the knowledge of soils and plants, he must also know much about the characteristics of all his animal stock, and he is a veterinary surgeon and animal physician and nurse. In fact, an intelligent farmer is a component of most every science.

A thousand different things flash through the farmer's mind while planning and conducting the business; and yet he goes onward serenely and calmly from day to day and from year to year, arranging work. Most every day brings a change. The fair day and the rainy day require changes, and the nature of the work requires a change of tools and labor. The whole farm operations are based upon the probability of continual changes.

THE ABSURDITY OF IT.

The absurdity of the call upon the Democratic government to get its financial policy "in working order for the safety and continued prosperity," is apparent. The Democratic party has no financial policy. It is divided on the currency question, and every question on which it might assume to have a policy. Mr. Cleveland is a pronounced gold-standard man, while a majority of his party are free-silver men.

Ex-Congressman Miles of Connecticut, commenting about the lack of business prosperity, says: "Had General Harrison been re-elected we should have been assured of four years of prosperity such as this country has never seen. Everything seems to be flat now, and no new enterprises are projected."

A mile in thirty-two seconds is the record made the other day by the New York Central Railroad locomotive "Greyhound." This is speed at the rate of 112 1-2 miles an hour, and is far ahead of any other record ever made in the world.

For the property owners and insurance companies the April fire record was better than that of March, but the excessive destruction and damage by flood made up tenfold for all the saving there was from fire.

It is a significant fact that the men who were most active and influential under the first Cleveland Administration are now, quietly "sawing wood" in the extreme background.

A leading silver Democratic Senator is reported as saying that "Cleveland is at work buying votes in Congress with the offices for the repeal of the Sherman silver law."

Gen. S. C. Armstrong Principal of the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, died on the 11th inst., aged 58 years.

Catterpillars and are reported to have made their appearance in great numbers in Duplin and in Sampson counties.

The country is learning by experience once more that Democratic rule is a very costly luxury.

The date of the Encampment of of the State Guard at Carolina City is July 13.

Hon. Thomas Settle, of this State, will be the youngest man in Congress.

As financiers Mr. Cleveland and his Administration are a sorry failure.

COMPANIONSHIP HEALTHFUL.

There is a wise old German saying that "Only a god or a brute can dwell in solitude." Men and women need congenial companionship, both for the sake of health and happiness. Just as your lungs, after using up all the oxygen in a close room, need to be filled with fresh, out-of-door air, so the mind needs contact with other minds to get new ideas. There is such a thing as mental hunger as physical hunger. Herders on the large cattle ranches of the West frequently become mad from the isolation they are forced to endure. Women on lonely farms grow morbid and mildly insane, and people do not guess that the cause is want of companionship.

It is for this reason that a woman's work at home is always more trying than that of her husband, who goes to his office, sees new faces, and has the friction that is produced by meeting other people. Even the farmer has more intercourse with his neighbors at the market or at the village grocery than his wife, who may not see any one outside her own family for weeks. It is a great mistake for young married people to isolate themselves. Even if their tastes lead them to a quiet life, they should make it a point to cultivate a few agreeable friends.

REMEMBER AND OBSERVE.

All seeds of whatever kind are composed of three parts: the germ, the body and the skin. The former is the life-giving principle, or the center of vitality, from which the new plant springs; the second is the reserve fund, which supports the embryo or egg of life, and the latter is merely the clothing or protection of the other or more important parts. On the vigorous development of the germ depends the the value of the seed. Let every farmer remember this and closely observe what he plants—from wheat to onion sets.

WHO CAN TELL ?

A Democratic Congress was in session three months, with imports increasing and gold flowing out. They might just as well been in the moon as in Washington, for these dangerous signals stirred them to no action. Tariff and currency they left as they were. On the first perilous changes are foreshadowed; on the second factions are at swords' points. Who can tell what is coming?

The Democratic advocates of Free Trade and Free Silver are pressing Mr. Cleveland to call a special session of Congress for June. The CAROLINIAN would just remark that whenever that aggregation of Democratic curiosities does meet the country will need the prayers of the Church.

Gov. Carr has published an order order in which he thanks the First Regiment for its prompt responce to to the order to go to Newbern week before last, and for the excellent behavior of the command while on duty.

Secretary Harrell says it is almost certain that at least 2,000 Teachers will attend the Assembly this year.

How Much the Miser Left.

Buffalo Courier.

A miserly old chap who was known to possess an ample fortune died a week or two ago in a little village not a thousand miles from Buffalo. The Arounder chanced to hear a conversation between a gentleman from that village and a Buffalo man who knew the deceased. "How much did he leave?" inquired the Buffalo man. "Leave," answered the matter-of-fact man from the country, "good gracious, he left it all."

He Came Without Calling.

Quips.

"Hello, little boy! What is your name?'

"What is your dad's name?"

"Same as dad's," said the boy.

"Same as mine."

"I mean what do they call you when they call you to breakfast?"

"They don't never call me to breakfast."

"Why don't they?"

"Cause I allns git there fust."

"The flowers that bloom in the Spring" are not more vigorous than are those persons who purify their blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. No fabled Elixer Vita could scarcely impart greater vivacity to the countenance than than this wonderful medicine.

The Georgia editor wrote: "Let the galled jade wince!" But the printer, who wasn't familiar with the phrase, thought the "old man" had made a mistake; and so he set it up as it should have been: "Let the gallon jug win!"

When you feel uncomfortable about the stomach, take Simmons Liver Regulator.

Seven young doctors completed the course and received certificates at the close of the School of Medicine at Davidson college.

Facts speak louder than words. Simmons Liver Regulator does cure bowel disorders.

Miss S. E. Fuller, of New York, is the first woman to receive a government contract for engraving.

Do not ruin the stomach with chemichals. Simmons Liver Regulator is purely vegetable and effective.

FOR DYSPEPSIA
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Physicians recommend it.
All dealers keep it. $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 12, 1893.

"The real significance of Mr. Cleveland's shutting the office-seekers out of the White House," remarked a Republican Senator, "has been entirely overlooked. It was a square back-down and an abject surrender, so far as the minor Presidential patronage is concerned, to the Democratic Senators and Representatives. Just after Mr. Cleveland's inauguration he caused it to be announced that he especially desired to hear from private citizens and that his policy in making appointments would be to given everybody a chance, and not confine himself to selecting those selected by Senators and Representatives. Well, he heard from the private citizens—thousands of 'em—and he also heard from the Senators and Representatives, who saw their prestige at home in danger of being swept away, and naturally did not like it. After a careful study of the situation Mr. Cleveland came to the conclusion that it was more necessary that he should have the support of the Senators and Representatives than that of the private citizens who want offices for themselves or friends so he swallowed his pride and issued the ukase barring the individual office-seeker out of the White House; and, excepting those from the State of New York, the Democrat who hereafter receives a Presidential appointment will, except in rare cases, have to have the endorsement of his Representative and Senators. You will observe that the Democratic Senators and Representatives who have been heard from have to a man endorsed the President's action; they know if the public doesn't, what a victory they have won. The object of Mr. Cleveland in thus surrendering is, of course, plain. He wishes the Democratic Senators and Representatives to vote for the repeal of what is known as the Sherman Silver law, and for the administration tariff bill. Will they do it? Well, that is a branch of the subject into which I do not care to venture at present. The vote of a Democratic Senator or Representative is a slippery sort of a thing at best."

Not satisfied with having shamefully mistreated Minister Stevens the administration is now trying to make it appear that it has ordered him to leave Honolulu, because of his intrigues in favor of annexation. Fortunately the facts are at hand in this case. This first steamer that left Honolulu after the arrival of Commissioner Blount brought Minister Stevens' resignation and request that his successor be immediately appointed. He did not wish to remain after he had been stripped of his authority and humiliated in the eyes of of the residents of Hawaii. Secretary Gresham requested him to remain at his post until his successor was appointed, but Mr. Stevens declined to do so and notified the State Department that he should sail on the 24th of this month for home. Then Blount was appointed Minister, as he should have been in the first place, and the story started that Mr. Stevens had been ordered home. The truth is always better than a misstatement, but the truth very seldom reflects credit upon Democratic methods.

Upon What Meat?

New York Press.

"Upon what meat doth this, our Cesar feed, feed, that he hath grown so great?" the average, ordinary American citizen and sovereign may well ask himself on reading the latest manifesto from the egotist in the White House. The most successful office-seeker of the century, having got to the official pinnacle himself, deliberately pulls up the ladder and declares that nobody else has a right even to stand on a rung. He turns a deaf ear to other American citizens whose ambitions are just as worthy of respect and sympathy as was his ambition to be Sheriff first, then Mayor and Governor and President, and he shuts himself in from the common view, like an Emperor of China or the Kaiser in Berlin.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of stomach, liver or kidneys. It will cure sick headache, indigestion, constipation and drive malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Wadsworth.

It is understood that Gov. Carr has approved the report of the staff officers recommending that Carolina City, near Morehead City, be the location of this year's encampment of two regiments of the State Guard. The First and Second regiment will accordidgly encamp there. The people of Morehead City will furnish quarters.

On the evening of the 7th inst, Dr. H. Snell, dentit, was shot by Cisero Bailey, on the street, near Fowle's corner in Washington, the ball taking effect in his left leg just below the bodp.

The remains of ex-President Polk and his wife are soon to be removed from the old Polk mansion grounds, in the suburbs of Nashville, and reinterred in a spot near the Jackson statue in the State Capitol grounds

All miserable sufferers from dyspepsia can be cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.

Thomas Beasley, Esq., of Coleraine died last Wednesday night, aged about 76 years.

Nothing like Simmons Liver Regulator for dyspepsia and indigestion—a safe and sure cure.

The North Carolina liquor dealers are forming an Association and have established a provisional committee with head quarters at Raleigh.

LADIES
Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness Liver Complaints and Neuralgia.

Abandoned Farms.

Connecticut has practically none. Massachusetts has more acres of woodland than it had 20 years ago.

The New England States have fewer abandoned farms than five years ago.

New Hampshire has energetically advertised its cheap farms for summer homes with good results.

In Vermont matters are much better since fashionables like Seward Webb bought farms here and hundreds of Swedes moved in. Mr. Spear, of the State Board of Agriculture, calls attention to the close connection between the mill and the farm; the State's factories are populating the farms.

The Paramount Issue.

Mail and Express.

Mr. Cleveland's "personal comfort" now, as during the time when he was Governor of New Yorx, appears to be the paramount public issue.

David McCoy, of Redlands, Southern California, has just celebrated his 102d birthday. He was a soldier in the war of 1812, of Col. R. M. Johnson's First regiment of Kentucky volunteers.

The Best Medicine.

J. O. WILSON, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas, thus speaks of **Ayer's Pills**:

"**Ayer's** Pills are the best medicine I ever tried; and, in my judgment, no better general remedy could be devised. I have used them **in my family** and recommended them to my friends and employes for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge, many cases of the following complaints have been completely and

Permanently Cured

by the use of **Ayer's** Pills alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of **Ayer's** Pills, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above."

"I have been selling medicine for eight years, and I can safely say that **Ayer's** Pills give better satisfaction than any other Pill I ever sold."—J. J. Perry, Spottsylvania C. H., Va.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

LAND SALE.

NORTH CAROLINA } Before Clerk of
Pasquotank County. } Superior Court.

IN THE MATTER OF J. L. MUNDEN vs. Lutie Munden and others.

Pursuant to a decree of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, made and pronounced on the 26th day of April 1893, in the above entitled cause, I shall on MONDAY, 26th day of JUNE, 1893, sell at public auction before the Courthouse Door of Pasquotank County, the following parcel of land situated in the town of Elizabeth City, on African Church strt, bounded on the west by said street, on the south by the lands of Timothy Perry, and the east by the lands of the late J. C. Ehringhaus, and on the north by the lands of one Fonville, which were lately owned by Dr. J. N. Butt.

TERMS:—One third cash, one-third in one year, and the other third in two years. Deferred payments to bear interest from date at the rate of six per centum per annum with right of purchaser to anticipate payments. Title retained until the purchase money is all paid. Hour of sale 12 o'clock, M.

WM J. GRIFFIN,
May 3, 1893. Commissioner.

GOLD WATCHES.

Join the ***LOUIS SELIG*** SOLID GOLD WATCH CLUB and secure a handsome time-peice for the small payment of

$1 per week.

Club now being formed for both ladies' and gentlemen' sizes.

LOUIS SELIG,

Water St., near Market.

Notice of Incorporation

State of North Carolina, Pasquotank County, in the office of the Superior Court Clerk. Notice is hereby given of the incorporation of the Elizabeth City Lumber Company; that the names of the incorporators are Clay Foreman, G Frank Derrickson, James B Blades and Lemuel S Blades, and such others as they may associate with them; that the principal place of business shall be in Elizabeth City, N C and its general purpose and business is to buy and sell land and timber, the manufacture and sale of lumber, constructing and operating steam saw mills, merchandise and running and operating steamboats; that the duration of the corporation shall be thirty years. The capital stock is Thirty Thousand Dollars, divided in three hundred shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars each.

Signed at office in Elizabeth City, N. C. this the 21st, April, 1892.

J. P. OVEEMAN, C S.C

NEW FURNITURE STORE

—0-0—

We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J. Y Old & son, on Water stree We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of

FURNITURE
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS

which will be sold at "bottom prices."

Goods will also be sold on the stalment plan,

T. B. WILSON & CO

COMPLETE MANHOOD

AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Some of the subjects treated are Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every Man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. If convenient enclose ten cents to pay postage alone Address the publishers

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

PRIZES ON PATENTS.

HOW TO GET TWENTY-FIVE HUNDED DOLLARS FOR NOTHING.

THE WINNER HAS A CLEAR GIFT OF A LITTLE FORTUNE, AND THE LOSER HAVE A PATENT THAT MAY BRING THEM IN STILL MORE.

Would you like to make twenty-five hundred dollars? If you would, read carefully what follows and you may see a way to do it.

The Press Claims Company devotes much attention to patents It has handled thousands of applications for inventions, but it would like to handle thousands more. There is plenty of inventive talent at large in this country needing nothing but encouragement to produce practical results That encouragement the Press Claims Company proposes to give.

NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS

A patent strikes most people as an appallingly formidable thing, The idea is that an inventor must be a natural genius, like Edison or Bell, that he must devote years to delving in complicated mechanical problems and that he must spend a fortune on delicate experiments before he can get a new device to a patentable degree of perfection, This delusion the company desires to dispel. It desires to get into the head of the public a clear comprehension of the fact that it is not the great, complex and expensive inventions that bring the best returns to their authors, but the little simple and cheap ones—the things that seem so absurdly trivial that the average citizen would feel somewhat ashamed of bringing them to the attention of the Patent Office.

Edison says that the profits he has received from the patents on all his marvelous inventions have not been sufficient to pay the cost of his experiments. But the man who conceived the idea of fastening a bit of rubber cord to a child's ball, so that it would come back to the hand when thrown, made a fortune out of the scheme, The modern sewing machine is a miracle of ingenuity—the product of the toil of hundreds of busy brains through a hundred and fifty years, but the whole brilliant result rests upon the simple device of putting the eye of the needle at the point instead of at the other end.

THE LITTLE THINGS THE MOST VALUABLE.

Comparatively few people regard themselves as inventors, but almost everybody has been struck, at one time or another, with ideas that seemed calculated to reduce some of the little frictions of life. Usually such ideas an dismissed without further thought.

"Why don't the railroad company make its car windows so that they can be slid up and down without breaking the passengers' backs?" exclaims the traveler. "If I were running the road I would make them in such a way."

"What was the man who made this saucepan thinking of?" grumbled the cook. "He never had to work over a stove or he would have known how it ought to have been fixed,",

"Hang such a collar button!" growls the man who is late to breakfast. "If I were in the business I'd make buttons that wouldn't slip out, or break off, or gouge out the back of my neck."

And then the various sufferers forget about their grievances and begin to think of something else. If they would sit down at the next convenient opportunity, put their ideas about car windows, saucepans and collar buttons into practical shape, and then apply for patents, they might find themselves as independently wealthy as the man who invented the iron umbrella ring or the one who patented the fifteen puzzle.

A TEMPTING OFFER.

To induce people to keep track of their ideas and see what there is in them, the Press Claims Company has resolved to offer prizes.

To the person who submits to it the simplest and most promising invention, from a commercial point of view, the company will give twenty-five hundred dollars in cash, in addition to refunding the fees for securing the patent.

It will also advertise the invention free of charge.

This offer is subject to the following conditions: Every competitor must obtain a patent for his invention through the company. He must first apply for a preliminary search, the cost of which will be five dollars, Should this search show his invention to be unpatentable, he can withdraw without further expense, Otherwise he will be expected to complete his application and take out a patent in the regular way. The total expense, including Government and Bureau fees, will be seventy dollars. For this, whether he secures the prize or not, the inventor will have a patent that ought to be a valuable property to him. The prize will be awarded by a jury consisting of three reputable patent attorneys of Washington. Intending competitors should fill out the following blank and forwarded it with their applications:

"....., 1893.

"I submit the within described invention in competition for the Twenty-five hundred dollar prize offered by the Press Claims Campany. ....."

NO BLANKS IN THIS COMPETITION.

This is a competition of rather an unusual nature. It is common to offer prizes for the best story or picture, or architectural plan, all the competitors risking the loss of their labor and the successful one merely selling his for the amounts of the prize, But the Press Claims Company's offer is something entirely different Each person is asked merely to help himself and the one who helps himself to the best advantage is to be rewarded for doing it. The prize is only a stimulus to do something that would be well worth doing without it. The architect whose competitive plan for a club house on a certain corner is not accepted has spent his labor on something of very little use to him. But the person who patents a simple and useful device in the Press Claims Company's competition need not worry if he fail to secure the prize. He has a substantial result to show for his work—one that will command its value in the market at any time. The plain man who uses any article in his daily work ought to know better how to improve it than the mechanical expert who studies it only from the theoretical point of view. Get rid of the idea that an improvement can be too simple to be worth patenting. The simpler the better The person who best succeeds in combining simplicity and popularity, will get the Press Claims Company's twenty-five hundred dollars.

The responsibility of this company may be judged from the fact that its stock is held by about three hundred of the leading newspapers of the United States.

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are a formidable trio, yet the weak person frequently has to meet all of them at once. How can he overcome them? The answer is with our Compound Oxygen (and ours only). The countless demonstrations of twenty-three years warrant this reply.

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Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.

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This Company owns some of the most valuable patents ever issued by the United States Government for Electric Lighting, Electric Batteries, Electric Motors, Electric Dynamos, and many other valuable

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This Company owns the only patent in existence for a practical ELECTRIC LAMP for HOME USE. The Company's

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can be carried about the house and used the same as a kerosene lamp. There is no smoke, no smell no danger, and you have a Beautiful Electric Light instead of the fluttering, smoky light of an oil lamp or a gas jet.

The Wright Universal Electric Company has two large factories, both running to their full capacity, and they are unable to fill their many orders on time. Hundreds of orders are turned away because the goods cannot be made. The Company must have more factory facilities, and for that reason it is compelled to sell a limited amount of Treasury Stock. There is nothing which pays such

BIG PROFITS

on the amount invested as first-class Electrical Stocks. If you had purchased a few shares of the Bell Telephone Stock, or the Edison Electric Stock, or the Thompson-Houston Electric Stock, when those companies were young, your profits on the investment would have made you rich. The stock of the Wright Universal Electric Company affords just as good an opportunity to

MAKE MONEY

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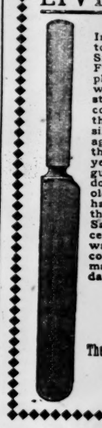
The Wright Universal Electric Co.,
26 Whitehall St., New York, N.Y.

WANTED LIVE AGENTS



In every town in each state to sell our Solid Columbian Silver Table Knives and Forks; these goods are not plated goods but solid, and will hold their color equal to sterling silver goods and will cost only about one-quarter the prices of solid sterling silver. The goods are sold by agents only and we warrant them to stand the test of years or refund the money, a guarantee will go with each dozen and backed up by an old reliable company which has the reputation of making the best goods on the market. Samples sent on reciept of 25 cents, for which we will forward you our prices and discount to agents. Agents make from 10 to 25 dollars per day.

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YOU WANT ONE

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JAPANESE PILE CURE

Will Save You.

It is a new and complete treatment, consisting of Suppositories, Ointment in Capsules (also Ointment in Box) and Pills. An absolute and guaranteed cure for Piles of whatever kind or degree. External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Recent or Hereditary, and many other diseases and female weaknesses; it is always a great benefit to the general health. The first discovery of a medical cure rendering an operation with the knife unnecessary hereafter. **This Remedy has never been known to fail.** $1.00 per box, six for $5.00; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. Why suffer from this terrible disease when you can get a guaranteed remedy?

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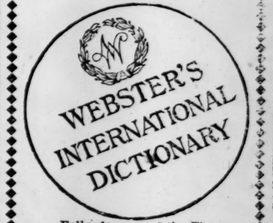

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Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

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FOR the use of lightweight riders who court the distinction of "flyers."

It is a short frame, very light and swift wheel.

WEIGHS 35 POUNDS, COMPLETE.

Reduced for racing to 26. Get specifications before buying, from

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This Company is managed by a combination of the largest and most influential newspapers in the United States, for the express purpose of **protecting their subscribers** against miscreants and incompetent Patent Agents, and each paper printing this advertisement vouches for the responsibility and high standing of the Press Claims Company.

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BY USING SILURIAN SPRING WATER. BY USING

NATURE'S GREATEST CURE

WE bring the benefits of this wonderful water to your house—bottles or barrels—retaining all of its purity and curative powers.

52 PAGE BOOK MAILED FREE.

Dyspepsia, Bladder, Kidney or Urinary troubles immediately relieved and cured by its use. It is a mild alterative, purifies the blood, renews strength and energy. Endorsed and recommended by the physicians of America.

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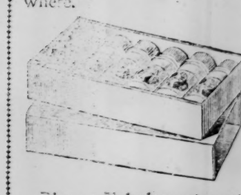
Ripans Tabules are compounded from a prescription widely used by the best medical authorities and are presented in a form that is becoming the fashion everywhere.



Ripans Tabules act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines; cure chronic habitual constipation offensive breath and headache. One tabule taken at the first symptom of indigestion, biliousness, dizziness, distress after eating, or depression of spirits, will surely and quickly remove the whole difficulty.

Ripans Tabules may be obtained of nearest druggist.

Ripans Tabules are easy to take, quick to act, and save many a doctor's bill.

DON'T SUFFER WITH THAT CORN

When you can have immediate relief, a perfect, speedy, and permanent cure without pain or soreness, and a remedy which dries instantly and soils nothing by using.

LIEBIG'S CORN CURE.

For the entire removal of hard or soft

Corns, Callouses and Bunions

And other indurations of the skin.

Cure Guaranteed or Money Returned.

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J. R. HOFFLIN & CO.
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W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.

Take no Substitute,

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Is Life Worth Living?

That depends upon the Liver. If the Liver is inactive the whole system is out of order—the breath is bad, digestion poor, head dull or aching, energy and hopefulness gone, the spirit is depressed, a heavy weight exists after eating, with general despondency and the blues. The Liver is the housekeeper of the health; and a harmless, simple remedy that acts like Nature, does not constipate afterwards or require constant taking, does not interfere with business or pleasure during its use, makes Simmons Liver Regulator a medical perfection.

"I have tested it personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Throbbing Headache, it is the best medicine the world ever saw."—H. H. Jones, Macon, Ga.

Take only the Genuine,

Which has on the Wrapper the red ℤ Trade-mark and Signature of

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

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Collector of Customs—James C. Brooks, Postmaster—C. Guirkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden, Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. J. W. Stiff, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. S. Blackwell, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

Y. M. CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Rooms over Dr. McMullen's Drug Store, corner of Mathews and Water streets. Religious exercises every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All gentlemen cordially invited. G. W. Ward, President; J. P. Overman, Vice President; J. D. Sykes, Secretary; T. C. Jones, Treasurer.

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Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and T. R. Mann, Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Mouro Bright, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council No. 1209—T. Selby Harney, Regent T. B. Wilson, Vice Regent; E. M. Underwood, Orator; J. P. Overman, Secretary. R. M. Cook Jr. Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer; N. R. Parker, Chaplain; W. C. Simons, Warden; W. W. Mann, Sentry; C. Guirkin, Jr., Guide; C. E. Kramer, Representative to Grand Council.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Butkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Jno. S. Morris. Board of Education. R. B. Creecy jr., N. E. Jones and J. D. Perry. Superintendent of Public Instruction, W. J. Griffin.

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G. W. Ward,	Elliott street,
J. Heywood Sawyer,	Main street,
E. F. Aydlett,	Mathews street.
W. J. Griffin,	Main street.
J. W. Albertson, sr.	Elliott street.
J. C. Brooks,	Carolinian Building.
E. F. Lamb,	Main street
C. W. Grandy,	Mathews street.
E. M. Underwood,	Main street.
Frank Vaughan,	Carolinian Building.
C. H. Spencer,	Upper Main street.

PHYSICIANS:

W. J. Lumsden,	Road street,
W. W. Griggs,	Church street,
R. N. Cartwright,	Water street,
J. E. Wood,	Church street,
O. G. McMullan,	Pennsylvania Ave.
J. B. Griggs,	Water street

DENTISTS:

J. H. White,	East Main street,
R. B. Swindell,	Water street.

DRUGGISTS:

Alex Wadsworth,	Road street,
J. E. Wood,	East Main street,
Griggs & Cartwright,	Water street,
Etheridge & Bro.,	Main street,
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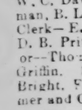
Academy,	S. L. Sheep, Prin'l.
Select School,	I. N. Tillett, "
Primary School,	Mrs. R. H. Reed "
State Normal (col.)	P. W. Moore, "

MISCELLANEOUS.

T. P. WHITE,



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2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot

☞ Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

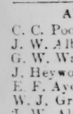
GEO. W. BELL.

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street

ELIZABETH City, N. C.

F. M. COOK,



JEWELER.

East Main Street,

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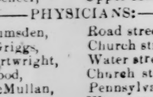
Fred Davis,

DEALER IN COAL



COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

All Orders filled Promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday. May 17, 1893

☞ Work intelligently.

☞ Make every stroke count.

☞ The pea shipments are nearly over

☞ The weather has been rather cool for the crops.

☞ The Newberne steamers are well loaded with truck every trip.

☞ Mr. J. E. Lane, of Nixonton, this county, died on the 6th inst., aged 40 years.

☞ The CAROLINIAN solicits information of local happenings from all parts of the district.

☞ Farmer say that there is rather too much rain. Some of the corn is showing a yellow appearance.

☞ Cotton at Norfolk: Good middling 7 15-16; middling, 7 5-8; low middling 7 3-16; goodordinary, 61-2. Corn, 55

☞ Several of our farmers report potatoes as large as hen's eggs! They will soon be ready for shipping.

☞ We had an "old fashioned" winter, and got heartily sick of it Is the spring we are having "old fashioned" too?

☞ The CAROLINIAN is receiving inquiries from a distance about Nags Head. The managers having authorized no statement, the information cannot be given.

☞ The number of blue fish on our coast from Nags Head down the Sound have been phenonmenally large during the past few weeks, driving the smaller fish to the beach.

☞ Everybody, in town and country, should now carefully look after the sanitary condition of their premises, keeping everything clean. Doctor bills may be saved by doing so.

☞ John Hoskins, the murderer of Mack Butler, appeared before Judge Bynum at Plymouth and plead guilty of manslaughter, and was sentenced twenty years in the Penetentiary.

☞ A sermon in the interest of Odd Fellowship will be delivered at the Baptist Church to-morrow night, at 8 o'clock p. m., by Rev. C. D. Crawley. The public are cordially invited to attend.

☞ "What about the Fair?" is a question the CAROLINIAN is being frequently asked. The dates for holding it have been fixed, but what further special action is being taken by the officers is not made public.

☞ The CAROLINIAN is constrained to express the opinion that there is a tendency in our schools to require the pupils to spend too much time preparing for written examinations and too little for the battle of life. It is real, practical educational wisdom that is needed.

☞ The CAROLINIAN is within bounds in stating that not one farm in five is worked so as to produce half what it is capable of. Then, after deducting all expenses for producing it, there is not half the net profit there would have been if it had been raised on half the land.

☞ The outlook is not what it should be. Among the business men of the country there is a lack of confidence in the mananagement of National affairs. The CAROLINIAN would have things different. It hopes for the best, but the failures, following one after the other, and the general financial distrust manifested causes it to fear that the "change" voted for last November will *not* prove a blessing to the people.

☞ Cleveland's recent proclamation to the office seekers has caused consternation to the souls of "the boys in the trenches" hereabout, as well as throughout the country. They did not make him President merely for idle pastime, or to get a 'joke' on the Republicans. To tell them now that they do not deserve anything, and that their requests for a share of the plunder are presumptious and offensive, is to make grim sport of their faith and fidelity.

☞ After a lingering illness, Captain Thomas Spires, Constable and Chief of Police, departed this life, at his residence on Diamond Corner, on Thursday morning last, aged 40 years The funeral services were conducted at the Baptist Church, the pastor, Rev Mr. Blackwell, delivering an impressive sermon, and at the Cemetery by the Masonic fraternity, of which order he was a member. There was a large attendance, he having been held in high esteem by all. Though of a modest and retiring disposition, he was sincere and honest and in the performance of duty straightforward and conscientious. In saying this much the CAROLINIAN feels that it is but paying a merited tribute to the memory of a worthy man.

☞ Feed your crop and it will feed you.

..... Melick's Baby Carriage from $5up,

☞ Make Money your god and it will plague you like the devil.

—See Fowler & Co's Bargain Counter. It will be loaded down this week.

☞ Too many of the connubial knots tied in these degenerate days prove to be slip knots.

—Special Inducements in Clothing at Fowler & Co's.

☞ Some people have to run the gauntlet of error before they get on the right track

—The Bargain Counter at Fowler & Co's is worthy your attention.

☞ A false report does not last long, and the life one leads is always the best apology of that which one has led.

—You risk nothing in buying of Robinson & Co. All goods are warranted.

☞ Infancy is the germ period of man's existence; it is the spring time of the year, the time of seed sowing.

—McCabe & Grice are showing the handsomest line of table linen, napkins, white counterpanes and curtain material ever brought to Elizabeth City.

—Largest stock of Straw Hats ever brought to Elizabeth City at Fowler & Co's and some are sold at about one half their value.

☞ The Japanese say: "A man takes a drink; then the drink takes a drink, and then a drink takes the man."

.....Try Robinson & Co's French Peas California Peaches, Cherries, Apricotts and Pears.

☞ Sour dispositioned people are not wanted in society or anywhere else—except where it is impossible to make vinegar in the usual way.

— Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! Wholesale and Retail, at Fowler & Co's,

☞ The habit of viewing things cheerfully, and of thinking about life hopefully may be made to grow up in us like any other habit.

—Young girls! if you want your sweetheart dressed stylishly advise him to go to McCabe & Grice and get one of their custom made suits

☞ If any one desires to know how good a farmer a man is, it is necessary to examine the crops that he grows rather than to know the number of acres he cultivates.

.....Wall Paper at Melick's; complete line and lowest prices. Country Merchants furnished with samples.

☞ Remember, the election of the Boards of School Committee men takes place on Monday, June 5th. It is important that properly qualified persons be selected.

—BARGAINS: 100 pairs Ladies and Misses Cloth Shoes; sizes 1, 2, 3, and 3½; 25 cents per pair, worth $1 to $1.25, at Fowler & Co's.

☞ Maj. Jacob Hornthal, brother of the Hornthal Brothers at Plymouth, died at Baltimore last week. His estate is said to be valued at $185,000, which is lest to his widow, sister and two brothers.

—When you see a lady well dressed on the street you may bet your money she bought her dress at McCabe & Grice's.

—Our store is all Stove Up; that is to say we've got our stoves up for inspection in such quantity that they fill one side of our store. Robinson & Co.

Remember that McCabe & Grice are the exclusive selling agents for L M Reynolds gents shoes and Bering & Co ladies shoes,

—BEFORE YOU TRAVEL call upon M. B. Culpepper, Ticket Agent, Elizabeth City, N. C., or address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, 76 Main street, Norfolk Va.

PHOTOGRAPHS. Mr. Viggo Lund, in charge of ENGLE'S PICTURE GALLERY, on Water street, is prepared to take all kind of Pictures in the latest and best styles. Call and examine specimens and get price

—THE ROYAL BLUE LINE is the finest and fastest Railroad in the world. Address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Norfolk, Va., or apply to M. B. Culpepper, Elizabeth City, N. C., for lowest rates to all point.

☞ "Gentlemen, you do not use your faculties of observation," said an old professor, addressing his class. Here he pushed forward a gallipot containing a chemical of exceedingly offensive smell. "When I was a student," he continued, "I used my's use of taste," and with that he dipped his finger in the gallipot and then put his finger in his mouth. "Taste it, gentlemen, taste it, and then exercise your perceptive faculties." The gallipot was pushed toward the reluctant students one by one. They reluctantly dipped their fingers into the concoction and with many a wry face sucked the abomination from their fingers. "Gentlemen, gentlemen," said the professor, "I must repeat that you do not use your faculties of observation, for had you looked more closely at what I was doing you would have seen that the finger which I put in my mouth was not the finger I dipped in the gallipot." Call your perceptive faculties into use.

First-Class Brick: The "Thompson Brick Works" manufacture the best brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and are "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N. C.

LOCAL MENTION

"Mind your own business."—Happiness is a wayside flower growing only by the path of duty.—Dr. O. G. McMullan attended the Medical State Convention at Raleigh last week.—Mrs. T. Selby Harney has been visiting her sister at Baltimore.—Sorrow finds a rainbow in tears.—Another new arrival at Selig's. Its a bouncing boy!—The repairs on the Norfolk & Southern steamer Haven Belle, on Pailin's ways, have been completed.—Mrs. Ward, of Norfolk, has been visiting Mrs. Blackwell at the Baptist parsonage on upper Main street.—Mr. H. O. Hill represented the Elizabeth City Lodge at the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge at Raleigh last week. Mrs. Hill accompanied him.—Action is the fruit of sentiment. It has no flower.—

"One little word," he pleaded,
"One that will move me, pet,"
His tender request she heeded,
By softly murmuring "get."

—The new plank sidewalk between the creek and Lawrence street on Martin street is a decided improvement.—Some people's favorite fare is fowl.—Mrs. Joe. Salomonsky, of Norfolk, was here last week on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Selig, on lower Main street.—The noblest mind the best contentment has.—We acknowledge a pleasant visit from Rev. Dr. Morton, of Henderson, who is here assisting Rev Dr. Johnston in conducting the special religious exercises in progress at the Presbyterian Church. He is a very entertaining conversationalist.—A number of our people expect to visit the World's Fair during the Summer.—Never was a voice of conscience silenced without retribution.—A little shaver thinks:

"My father is the greatest freak
I've seen in all my life;
He puts white soapsuds on his cheek
And wipes it with a knife."

—The yacht "Brant," undergoing alterations and repairs at Willey's yard on Dry Point, will be a very handsome craft. It belongs to the Albemarle and Pamlico Gunning and Cruising Club.—Talk about big strawberries, those laid on our table the other day by the popular confectioner, Mr. T. C. Allen, on Road street, surpassed in size any we have yet seen, averaging three inches in circumferance. They were grown by Mr. C. C. Allen.—Spots, croakers, hog and other fine fresh fish plentiful in our market.—The Reader says it is pleasing to note in the papers that last year's styles in fly-paper will be stuck to this season.—Too many bright young men try to make their conversation spicy with cloves.—The Listener overheard the following: It was after the honeymoon. Said she, sweetly, "What would living be without me?" "Cheaper," gloomily replied he.—Ex-Mayor W. F. Stokes, of Hertford, was in the city on Saturday.—Some people never know what they didn't want until they have to pay for it.—The rural Poet writes:

When sing the frogs and hop the toads
And meads are decked in green,
Then come the days when country roads
Show many a *moring* scene.

—Another handsome new building is being put up on one of the lots of the Improvement Company's addition to the City.—The Punster says that while the wind cannot be said to have a brogue, it often has a strong gale-ic tendency.—The Mayor reports that the paving brick is expected every day.—The local Democratic politicians aren't happy.—"Cuss words' don't mend matters.—The death of Captain Spires makes a vacancy in the office of Constable and Chief of Police Who will his successor be?—Dr. J. H. White is happy a man. Its a sweet little girl.—Our market continues well supplied with seasonable vegetables.—The Politician says he is acquainted with some fellows who are willing to rub mighty close to the Devil for a fat government job.—

She asked as they sat on the steps a eve:
Why is the Spring called she?"
He answered "the Spring is called she,
[I believe,
Because Spring is fickle, you see."

—The sermon of the Rev. Dr. Morton at the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning was an able an instructive one. His text was: "If ye hunger and thurst after righteousness ye shall be filled." In the afternoon he conducted the religious exercises at the Young Men's Christian Association. The subject was the "Perfect Man."—The CAROLINAN Job Press is kept going. Mr Chapman is executing satisfactory work. Send in your orders.—The theme of Rev. Mr Blackwell at the Baptist Church on Sunday night was: "The Ensigns and Signals hung out by the Almighty for the warning and saving of Man," He is an eloquent, graceful and impressive preacher.—Some of the official plum seekers are praying:

Oh Grover! Grover!
Don't pass me over.

If he does, then their imprecations will be:

Old Grover! its dev'lish clear and flat
That you are not a good Democrat,

—The Baptists are now preparing to build an Annex to their Church for Sabbath School and Lecture use. A canvassing committee of ladies and gentlemen has been appointed to solicit subscriptions. About $1,600 will be needed. The CAROLINIAN speaks a good word for the enterprise.—Mrs Rev. George F. Greene, of Virginia, is visiting friends in the City.—The Ice Wagon will soon be making its aegular rounds.—The Skating Rink has closed for the summer.—The U. S. Revenue Marine yacht "Alert," is on the Ways undergoing overhauling.—A load of sorrow doesn't wear one so much as a swarm of annoyances.—The Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival season is on.—Miss Narcissa Sawyer is visiting her sister Mrs L. F. Zeigler at Edenton.—Fragrance is said to be what the flower thinks.—Visitors still come and go.—Col. Guirkin reports a steady improvement in his sight since the operation removing the cataract from his eye.—The oyster season being over, Taylor & Co., are now canning peas.

If ever a man feels like "a poor worm of the dust," it is when he suffers from that tired feeling. Ayer's Sarsaparilla removes this discouraging physical condition and imparts a thrill of new life and energy to every nerve, tissue, muscle, and fibre of the whole body.

Guaranteed Cure

We authorize our advertised druggrist to sell Dr King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, upon this condition: If you are afflicted with a cough, cold or any lung, throat or chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at Alex Wadsworth's Drug store. Large size 50c and $1.

J. B. FEARING, *Propt'r*

Mathews St, near Poindexter,

Elizabeth City, - - N. C.

A large lot of Horses and Mules constantly on hand for sale or exchange. Fine turnouts, and drummers sent to all points at reasonable rates.

EXECUTOR' NOTICE,

Having qualified as executor of the late Sarah Bright I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

JESSIE G. BRIGHT,
Executor of Sarah Bright, dec'd.
April, 6th, 1893.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter. Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH

GOLD AT A PREMIUM

Would undoubtedly cause it to vanish—to disappear. It is just so with goods at McCabe & Grice's.

They arrive, are opened, are marked and before a throng of buyers soon disappear.

EVERY DOLLAR

spent with us yields you something more than is offered by competitors.

Either the goods are of superior quality or the price is less—*or both*. In either case you are the gainer. Our prices are

OUT OF REACH

of ye ancient slow coach competitors. We are working for your trade and in order to get it are willing to offer superior inducements.

Give us a call and test our claims.

McCabe & Grice,

—DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, ETC.,

—WATER STREET,—

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Kramer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED.)

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

KILN & AIR DRIED

LUMBER

—AND—

Building Material

Of every description. Flooring, Siding, Ceiling,

Window and Door FRAMS,

Doors, Sash, and Blinds, Mouldings, Scroll and Turned Work, Church Furniture and Store Fixtures, Bill Lumber, Lath, Pickets,

FISH AND PRODUCE BOXES.

Shipments Made by Rail or Water. Estimates Furnished. Address, KRAMER BROS. & CO., Elizabeth City, N. C

OUR COLORED PEOPLE.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

The work on the Episcopal Chapel is slowly progressing.

The Corner Stone Baptist Church has been painted inside and out.

The several fraternal societies in this city are in a flourishing condition.

The Roanoke Missionary Baptist Association will meet at the Olive Branch Baptist Church next Tuesday. A large attendance is expected.

There will be a grand Musical Entertainment given in the rear of the Methodist Church on the 18th inst. Be sure and attend as such entertainments are unusual in Elizabeth

The closing exercises of the Public School, which has been so successfully conducted by J. R. Fleming, was held on Friday night. They were entertaining and appreciated by a large audience.

The Annual Exhibition of the State Normal School, Prof. P. W. Moore, Principal, will take place in the Court House on next Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday nights. An elaborate programme has been arranged. The Annual Address will be delivered on Thursday night, by Prof. E. E. Smith, A. M., Ph. D., of Goldsboro.

The latest census bulletin shows that there are in North Carolina 541 African M. E. Zion churches in North Carolina, with a seating capacity for 171,430. The value of this property is $485,711, and the membership numbers 111 949. There are 26 churches of the colored Methodist Episcopal Church with 2,786 members.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect March 1st, 1893.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.35 A. M., and at 5.50, P. M. Northbound, daily except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2.40 P. M., and 9 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer Lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Castle, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, thence by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Bellehaven; connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Aurora, Makelyville, South Creek, Washington and intermediate landings.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH.
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Nansk leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North river.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,

C. W. Grice & Bro, Props.

Corner Main and Road Sts,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day

HOTEL MERRIAM.

WATER STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.

J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.

HERTFORD, N. C.

Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied. Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamer

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

IF YOU WANT INFORMATION ABOUT

PENSIONS

Address a letter or postal card to THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, - - Managing Attorney, P. O. Box 463. WASHINGTON, D. C.

PENSIONS PROCURED FOR

SOLDIERS, WIDOWS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.

Also, for Soldiers and Sailors disabled in the line of duty in the regular Army or Navy since the war. Survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, and their widows, now entitled. Old and rejected claims a specialty. Thousands entitled to higher rates. Send for new laws. No charge for advice. No fee until successful.

DRUM MAJOR.

OF THE **Grocery Business.**

RIGHT AT THE HEAD OF THE PROCESSION!

EXTREME LOW PRICES! FAIR SQUARE DEALING!

16 oz. Pounds.

DOING JUST AS WE ADVERTISE!

KEEPING GOOD THINGS TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY!

Putting Go in attractive style. Cleanliness and promptness. Buying for cash and selling for cash. These are a few of the many reasons for our

GETTING THERE!

Our music is a little hard for some of our brother grocers to dance to, but we can't help that. They are too slow. We can't wait. Life is too short. DON'T BE A SNAIL, Join the procession; Go with the crowd and buy your.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Tin-ware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Plaster Hair, Shingles, &c.

ROBINSON & CO

Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, NC

WE * POINT WITH * PRIDE!*

To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of afresh new seasonable novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We are now located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and have just returned from the factories with the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has ever been our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in Elizabeth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want. We have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to

LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!

We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to each and every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters on Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.

R. SALOMONSKY

J. B. FLORA. J. G. MORRISETT.

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRIC

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty year and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery. Paints, Oils, Le Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandle Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.

Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality

MOSES WEISEL.

WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

"F.O.E" (Finest on Earth.)

ANOTHER NOVELTY!

Our Phaeton Buggy,

With Leather Roof and Back Curtain, and Rubber Side Curtains. Trimming, Green Leather or Fine Broadcloth.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

See our Exhibit at the World's Fair.

THE DAVIS CARRIAGE COMPANY, Cincinnati, Ohio.

GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE

FENCING

WIRE ROPE SELVAGE.

RAILROAD, FARM, GARDEN,

Cemetery, Lawn, Poultry and Rabbit Fencing.

THOUSANDS OF MILES IN USE. CATALOGUE FREE. FREIGHT PAID.

THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., 114, 116, 118 and 120 N. Market St., Chicago, Ill.

$65 A MONTH AND BOARD for 3 ACTIVE Teachers, Students, Ministers, or Bright Young Men or Ladies in each county, to take orders for the MOST POPULAR NEW BOOK of the year. Above salary or highest commissions paid. Exclusive territory and 30 days credit given. Send for circular and terms to Agents. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 113 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

FAVORITE SINGER.

$25 High Arm

$20 Low Arm

Every Machine has a drop leaf, fancy cover, two large drawers, with nickel rings, and full set of Attachments, equal to any Singer Machine sold from $40 to $60 by Canvassers. The High Arm Machine has a self-setting needle and self-threading shuttle. A trial in your home before payment is asked. Buy direct of the Manufacturers and save agents' profits besides getting certificates of warrantee for five years. Send for machine with name of a business man as reference and we will ship one at once.

CO-OPERATIVE SEWING MACHINE CO., 201 S. Eleventh St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

☞ *WE PAY THE FREIGHT.* ☜

EXECUTED BY ELECTRICITY.

Carlyle W. Harris, the Wife Poisoner, Dies in Sing Sing Prison.

Carlyle W. Harris, convicted in New York City of poisoning his girl wife, Mary Helen Potts, has been executed in Sing Sing Prison. At 12:40½ o'clock p. m., 1760 volts of electricity were sent into his body. He died with a declaration of innocence upon his lips.

At 12:15 o'clock Warden Durston took his witnesses down into the prison, and, after a delay of fifteen minutes, they went to the execution room.

The witnesses took seats around the death chair. Head Keeper Connaughton went to Harris's cell to tell him that his execution was about to take place. Connaughton returned to the execution room for a few minutes while Electrician Davis tested the apparatus to see that it was all right.

Connaughton went out again, and at 12:38 returned with Harris. The condemned man was dressed in plain black, with no collar or necktie. The right leg of his trousers had been cut off at the knee, so that the electrode could be applied there, and the hair had been cut from the crown of the head for the same purpose.

Harris walked alone. He stood erect. Chaplain Wells was just behind him, reading quietly the prayer of commendation from the Episcopal Prayer Book. The doomed man looked strange without his beard, which was shaved off when he was taken to the prison. His face was set and resolute. His eyes had the quizzical expression that was peculiar to them.

He looked calmly at the witnesses and then at the chair. Without a tremor he walked to the chair, and just as he was sitting down said in a voice that was strong and unshaken:

"I wish to say a word, and I think I have the Warden's permission to say it."

He motioned to the Warden gracefully as he spoke and bowed his head.

"What is it you wish to say?" asked Warden Durston.

"I have no further motive for any concealment whatever," answered the man whom life was to leave within a few seconds. Then he raised his head and ran his eyes along the line of witnesses' faces as he continued, "I desire to state that I die absolutely innocent of the crime of which I have been convicted."

That was all. He settled back in the chair and himself adjusted his limbs for the straps and electrodes. Everything ready, the handkerchief was dropped, and the current turned on. The body became rigid. In an instant the lips parted and the air in the lungs was discharged by the muscular contraction.

The current was kept on for four seconds at 1760 volts. Then it was reduced at once to 150 volts and continued that way for 3½ seconds. It was then turned off entirely. The doctors went to the chair, examined the body with instruments, and at 12:43 o'clock pronounced the man dead. He really died the instant the current was turned on.

An autopsy was held on the body soon after. The skin was not marked where the electrodes had been applied. All the organs were found to be in about a normal condition except the left lung, which was almost gone, and one kidney, which was small and indicated disease.

It was only four and one-half minutes from the time that Harris was brought from his cell to the time that the current was turned on, and a good part of this was consumed by Harris himself with his declaration. There was not a hitch anywhere. The witnesses suffered much in anticipation of the scene, especially those who had not seen an execution by electricity, but with the exception of one man who fainted, they all withstood the ordeal without breaking down.

When the little black flag was run up on the pole of the Warden's house announcing that the execution had taken place, Mrs. Harris and her son Allan could see it from the window of Ambler's boarding house, where they were stopping.

Cool, damp weather has retarded vegetation over a large section of country, and in the Northwest seeding was interrupted by snow. In Kansas and a few neighboring States the damage to winter wheat has been beyond repair.

The Testimonials

We publish are not purchased, nor are they written up in our office, nor are they from our employes. They are facts, proving that Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses absolute MERIT, and that **Hood's Cures**

Mrs. E. M. Burt
West Kendall, N. Y.

Three Great Enemies
Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Dyspepsia
Another Victory for Hood's.

"For over 20 years I have suffered with neuralgia, rheumatism and dyspepsia. Many times I could not turn in bed. Several physicians have treated me and I have tried different remedies, but all failed to give me permanent relief. Five years ago I began to take Hood's **Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures** Sarsaparilla and it has done me a vast amount of good. Since beginning to take it I have not had a sick day. I am 72 years old and enjoy good health, which I attribute to Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. E. M. BURT, W. Kendall, N. Y.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Billousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache. 25 cents.

An agreeable Laxative and NERVE TONIC. Sold by Druggists or sent by mail. 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per package. Samples free.

KO NO The Favorite TOOTH POWDER for the Teeth and Breath, 25c.

"August Flower"

"What is August Flower for?" As easily answered as asked. It is for Dyspepsia. It is a special remedy for the Stomach and Liver.—Nothing more than this. We believe August Flower cures Dyspepsia. We know it will. We have reasons for knowing it. To-day it has an honored place in every town and country store, possesses one of the largest manufacturing plants in the country, and sells everywhere. The reason is simple. It does one thing, and does it right. It cures dyspepsia.

Young Mothers!

We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend" I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—MRS. ANNIE GAGE, Lamar, Mo., Jan. 15th, 1891.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

NEWS AMONG THE DEPARTMENTS AT WASHINGTON.

The Secretary of State Orders Warships to Nicaragua to Protect the Canal—The Late Congress—Nickel Armor Tests—Decreased Exports of Mineral Oils and Cotton.

News has been received at Washington that the Nicaraguan revolutionists have practically overthrown the Government and are in complete possession of the Nicaragua Canal.

A dispatch received at the State Department tells of the victorious progress of the revolutionary forces, and indicates the complete overthrow of the late administration.

The dispatch received by Secretary Gresham was sent from San Juan del Sur, a port on the west coast of Nicaragua, by Mr. Newall, who is Consul at Managua, the capital of the country.

He states in his message that no communication is to be had with the cable office, and it is presumed from this that he was obliged to send his dispatch from Managua to San Juan del Sur by mail or messenger, in order that it might reach the State Department quickly. Mr. Newell's dispatch in substance is as follows:

"The revolution commenced April 28, headed by ex-President Zavalla. The revolutionists hold Grenada, Managua, Rivas; Contales, Matagalpa and San Juan del Norte. They are well armed, even having a good supply of Gatling guns. The Government forces number 2000, poorly organized and led, while the revolutionists number from 3000 to 5000, commanded by prominent generals. The Government force made three unsuccessful attacks on Managua. Martial law has been declared, and a decree has been issued for a forced loan of $600,000."

It is learned from another authentic source that the revolutionists are in possession of the Nicaragua Canal, and it was on this information and that contained in the dispatch from Mr. Newell that Secretary Gresham applied to Secretary Herbert for another vessel to be sent to Nicaragua.

The Atlanta had already been ordered to proceed to Greytown, on the East coast, but as the revolutionary movement is nearer the West coast, in the neighborhood of the capital, it was deemed best to dispatch a vessel to that part of the country.

Accordingly orders were sent by telegraph to the commander of the Alliance, at San Francisco, directing him to proceed at once with his vessel to a point on the West coast.

Record of the Last Congress.

The official statement of appropriations made, offices created and abolished, and salaries increased and reduced by the last session of Congress, prepared by the clerks to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House, and which has just been completed, shows that (including 750 additional apprentices for the navy) 999 specified new offices were created at an annual cost of $833,010; that 186 specified offices were abolished or omitted from the appropriations at an annual cost of $214,889, and that new offices or employments not specified as to numbers or rate of compensation, and principally in the postal service throughout the country, were authorized at an annual expenditure of $889,012, while the annual reduction made on this account amounts to $23,800.

The number of salaries specified increased (including those of 2457 first sergeants and sergeants in the army, whose monthly pay was raised $3 and $1 respectively) was 2480, at an annual cost of $51,894, and the number of salaries specifically reduced was 166, at an annual cost of $22,750.

The total appropriations made during the session, including the permanent appropriations, for interest, sinking fund, etc., amounted to $519,504,359, and for the preceding session they amounted to $507,600,188.

Trial of Nickel Steel Armor.

There was an armor plate test at the Indian Head naval proving grounds near Washington. The plate was of nickel steel, nine inches thick, representing 355 tons, manufactured by the Carnegie Steel Company, and to be used for the Amphitrite. Two rounds were fired from an eight-inch breech-loading rifle. The first shot penetrated the plate, and the second passed through the plate and slightly into the backing, but no cracks were made in the plate in either instance. The trial was pronounced highly successful.

Mr. Carnegie, President of the company, was an interested spectator, and he was particularly pleased with the results attained, as it was the first plate that ever earned the premium under the ballistic requirements prescribed in the late contract for armor, which was much more severe than the first contract. The premium secured was $30 on every ton.

Mineral Oils and Cotton Exports.

A statement, prepared by the Bureau of Statistics, Treasury Department, shows a falling off in the exportation of mineral oils for the month of April, the total being 51,590,000 gallons, as compared with 62,851,000 gallons during the same month last year.

During the same month there were exported 151,860,000 pounds of cotton, valued at $13,639,000, as against 193,596,000 pounds, valued at $16,304,000, in the same period of 1892.

THE LABOR WORLD.

THERE are 108 barbers' unions.

THERE are 20,000 union bakers.

HIRED girls are flocking to Chicago.

THERE are 307 iron molders' unions.

CHICAGO reports a scarcity of sailors.

FRANCE legalized trades unions in 1884.

OF 104 Austrian strikes nineteen succeeded.

PENNSYLVANIA coke miners are reorganizing.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., has a letter carriers' band.

TACOMA (Washington) bricklayers receive $5 a day.

BOSTON letter carriers work only eight hours a day.

THE boiler makers of Boston won their strike for a working day of nine hours.

EIGHT THOUSAND men employed in the Loire Navy Yards struck at Nantes, France.

ALL the iron ore companies of the Ashland (Wis.) region, except the Aurora, have closed down indefinitely.

THERE is a great demand for waitresses, sewing girls, dressmakers and servants in the large towns of Idaho.

IT is said that the railroad managers of the United States have agreed to sign no more contracts with labor organizations.

IT is the almost universal practice in Pennsylvania collieries to discharge men for notifying the authorities of violations of the mining laws.

A REDUCTION of one per cent. in the wages of miners and mine laborers in the Schuylkill (Penn.) region has been decreed, owing to dull trade.

A LABOR exchange has been established by the unions in Kansas City, Mo., who intend erecting a building after the pattern of the Paris Bourse du Travail.

THE employes of the Reading Railroad Company have commenced working ten hours daily. Up to the present they have only worked nine hours a day.

THE establishment of a Labor Exchange by the labor organizations of Kansas City, Mo., is an attempt to carry into practical effect the co-operative idea of Edward Bellamy.

MAY DAY passed passed off in Europe without special note. In many places in Germany the workmen took no holiday, and where there were parades there was no disturbance.

THE first organized strike in South Africa was made recently by the carpenters and joiners of Cape Town. They want an advance of wages from $2.25 to $2.60 a day, claiming that the cost of living has lately largely increased. They ask support of all workmen in South Africa.

A PROFESSIONAL acrobat finds employment at the zinc mines of Ogdensburg, N. J. His services are required in getting out snarls and removing obstructions from the cables and electric wires used about the ore cars, which are run on steep grades. He can walk on a tight rope when necessary.

THE union fishermen who were on a strike at Astoria, Oregon, patrolled the harbor to prevent fishermen from landing fish or selling them to any one until the cannery men came to terms and agreed to pay the proposed price of $1.15 per salmon. They also compelled the non-union fishermen to throw overboard all the salmon they had caught.

MILLIONS of butterflies are flitting about the Arkansas Valley in Kansas, and it is feared that they will do great damage to fruit. The butterfly itself is harmless, but it deposits eggs in the blossoms, which, when hatched, produce worms that feed upon the developed fruit. Fruit-growers, to protect themselves from the dire results that follow the visits of these beautiful pests, resort to spraying their fruit, which effectually destroys the egg germs.

IN April, 1893, the number of passports for American travelers issued at Washington was 744, against 1478 issued during April, 1892. The World's Fair and the cholera scare are keeping American travelers at home this year.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

THE stock market in Wall street, New York City, was saved from a wild panic by Drexel-Morgan and Vanderbilt interests; S. V. White suspended, and there were wild scenes on the Stock Exchange; other Wall street men could not meet their obligations.

MRS. FANNIE WARING KORN, after giving poison to her two children, Edwin, eleven years old, and Fannie, six years old, shot them and then shot herself in her flat in New York City. The girl died.

THE Herald's regatta in New York Harbor for foreign men-of-war's boat crews was a great success. The first race won by the British ship Australia, Etna second and Magaclenne third; the second race, by the Russian ship General Admiral, Blake second, Australia third; the third race, by the Australia (both first and second prizes), and Blake third.

LIEUTENANT ROBERT E. PEARY left Philadelphia, Penn., for St. Johns, New Foundland, to complete his arrangements for the vessel to take the Arctic exploring party to Whale Sound. The party will be composed of ten men, seven of whom have been already chosen.

GOLD medals for life saving were presented by Sons of St. George on board H. M. S. Blake, in New York Harbor, to Seamen Robert Halfyard and Henry Charles William Hunt, and on shore to Battery Boatman James O'Connor.

H. H. WARNER, of Rochester, N. Y., made an assignment, with liabilities estimated at $500,000.

WHILE in New York Harbor the crew of the United States steamer Atlanta entertained the crew of H. M. steamer Magicienne at dinner, and other foreign sailors were entertained by the Philadelphia and Newark.

THE body of Carlyle W. Harris, the wife murderer, was buried in Rural Cemetery, between Albany and Troy, New York State. Harris's last written statement was made public by Assistant Superintendent of State Prisons Baker.

South and West.

THE big steam pipe in Machinery Hall, Jackson Park, Chicago, Ill., burst. Three men were dangerously scalded, one fatally. Two were knocked insensible.

WADE HAINES, colored, was hanged in the jail yard at Columbia, S. C. Jesse Yarborough was hanged at Appling Court House, Ga., for the murder of a colored man named Williams.

BAD weather diminished the attendance at the World's Fair, Chicago.

CAPTAIN IDA BENNETT, of the Salvation Army, was murdered at Spokane, Washington, by her lover, Daniel W. Hopkins. He fired two shots into her heart and then fired two shots into his own head. In less than three minutes after the quarrel started both were dead on the floor of the Salvation Army barracks.

A TORNADO did much damage in and near Gainesville, Texas; a Santa Fe train was blown off the track and wrecked; there was also loss in Oklahoma.

VICE-ADMIRAL SIR JOHN O. HOPKINS, of the British Royal Navy, visited Annapolis (Md.) Naval Academy, accompanied by Lieutenant Richard Mulligan, United States Navy, and two midshipmen from the British flagship Blake.

THE Chemical National Bank, of Chicago, Ill., with deposits of $1,500,000, has failed. It had the banking privilege at the World's Fair grounds and had done a good business there.

WHILE returning to his home near Marshall's Ferry, Ill., in a skiff, Peter Jackson was caught in the current of the Wabash River and overturned, and Jackson, his wife and two children were drowned.

COLONEL WARD H. LAMON died at Martinsburg, W. Va., a few nights ago. He was President Lincoln's private secretary.

THE World's Fair buildings and grounds at Chicago were illuminated by electricity at night during the second week in honor of the "first opening" of the Exposition.

THREE colored men were lynched at Bearden, Ark., for a murderous assault on Jesse Norman, a merchant. The men lynched were: Abe Crain, aged twenty-five; Doc Benson, forty-six; Jim Stewart, twenty.

THE Superior Court of North Dakota has decided the Prohibition law to be constitutional.

Washington.

THE President appointed Richard Dalton to be Collector of the Port of Vicksburg; Harry H. Kain, to be Collector of the Port of St. Louis.

SECRETARY CARLISLE decided to instruct the United States Treasurer to issue small notes in place of those of large denomination, which are returned to the Treasury for reissue. He determined upon this plan because of the steadily increasing demand for small notes, particularly from the West and South.

THE President decided to postpone the reassembling of the International Monetary Conference until November.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has officially notified the office-seekers that hereafter he will not listen to their personal appeals. He issued a statement from the White House in which he made known his decision.

THE President appointed the following Board of Visitors to West Point Military Academy: Charles Fairchild, New York; Henry L. Pierce, Massachusetts; Frank Thompson, Philadelphia; A. C. McClurg, Chicago; John W. Dinsmore, San Jose, Cal.; Edward A. Alderman, Greensboro; N. C., and John P. Rea, Minneapnlis.

SECRETARY CARLISLE received and accepted the resignation of General W. S. Rosecrans, of California, as Register of the Treasury. In tendering his resignation General Rosecrans referred to his impaired health and encloses a certificate from his physician which says that General Rosecrans is unable to undertake the long journey to Washington and does not hold out any hope that he will be able to do so in the near future.

THE President announced the following appointments: H. W. Smith, of Utah, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Utah; Everett E. Ellinwood, of Arizona, to be Attorney of the United States for the Territory of Arizona.

THE Secretary of the Navy appointed the board of Naval experts to conduct the trial trip of the New York.

SECRETARY CARLISLE appointed Charles S. Fairchild, of New York City; Daniel Magone, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and Poindexter Dunn, of Arkansas, a committee to investigate the New York Custom House.

STATE Department officials confirmed the report that Commissioner Blount was to be made Minister Resident to Hawaii as successor to John L. Stevens.

THE United States cruiser Atlanta has been ordered to proceed to Nicaragua to protect American interests during the revolution in that country.

Foreign.

THE Colonial Bank of Australasia, Victoria, has suspended payment.

REVOLUTIONISTS in Nicaragua are gaining. They have captured three important cities and are now investing the capital of the Republic.

A LABOR exchange has been established by the unions in Kansas City, Mo., who intend erecting a building after the pattern of the Paris Bourse du Travail.

THE French Government has declined to impose a tax upon foreigners.

LABOR demonstrations were held in England, Ireland and Germany in favor of an eight-hour day.

THE long drouth in Austria has been broken.

SIR JOHN MORLEY moved closure on the debate on the first clause of the Irish Home Rule bill and the motion was carried amid scenes of great excitement in the British House of Commons.

INFANTA EULALIE and Prince Antonio, who will represent the royal family of Spain at the World's Fair, arrived in Havana, Cuba, and were enthusiastically welcomed.

PRIME MINISTER GLADSTONE offered the place of Poet Laureate, made vacant by the death of Lord Tennyson, to the distinguished art critic, John Ruskin.

EMPEROR WILLIAM, of Germany, addressed the officers of the Guards on the rejection of the Army bill; he stated that he would stake all in his power on the enactment of the bill.

MR. COUDERT concluded his argument before the Bering Sea Tribunal at Paris.

THE Bank of Victoria, Limited, at Melbourne, Australia, has suspended payment, with liabilities of about $12,000,000.

CANADA'S NEW GOVERNOR.

The Earl of Aberdeen to Succeed Baron Stanley of Preston.

It is officially stated at London that the Earl of Aberdeen has been appointed Governor-General of Canada in place of the Earl of Derby, formerly Baron Stanley of Preston, who is about to retire from the office of Governor-General, to which he was appointed in 1888.

The Right Hon. John Campbell Hamilton Gordon, seventh Earl of Aberdeen, was born in 1847. He is the grandson of the Earl of Aberdeen, who was Prime Minister in 1854, and succeeded to the title upon the death of his brother in 1870.

OFFICIAL CROP REPORT.

ESTIMATES OF THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

The Condition of Winter Wheat 2.1 Points Lower Than in April—Rye and Barley Have Also Suffered—Cotton Seed Scarce for Replanting Purposes.

The May returns of the United States Department of Agriculture on the condition of winter wheat show a reduction of 2.1 from the April average, being 75.3, against 77.4 last month and 84 in May, 1892. The averages of the principal winter wheat States are: Ohio, 88; Michigan, 71; Indiana, 79; Illinois, 62; Missouri, 72; Kansas, 51. The average of these six States is 68.3, against 74.2 in April, being a decline of 5.9 points since the first of last month. In California the condition has advanced ten points, while in the principal wheat producing States there has been considerable deterioration. In Kansas, Colorado and Nebraska, where planting was backward and germination slow, owing to continual drough and much of the plant being winter-killed, large areas have been plowed up and devoted to other crops. The same has been done in Missouri, Indiana and Illinois, where the plant was badly winter-killed and greatly damaged since by the continued wet weather. In Michigan the severity of the winter greatly damaged the plant, and the weather since has been too cold and backward to admit of recuperation. Damage from Hessian fly in some of the counties of the latter State, Indiana and Ohio is reported, and from the chinch bug in Kansas. In some of the principal wheat States the plant on the uplands is reported in good condition, while on lower and undrained lands the conditions are poor and much of the crop was destroyed by drowning.

Winter rye, like wheat, has suffered a decline in condition since last month, its average for May being 82.7, against 85.7 for same date in April. The average condition of barley is 88.6, against 92.8 last year. The proportion of spring plowing done May 1 is reported as 73.4 per cent., against an average of 77 per cent. for a series of years.

The cotton report to the department for May relates to the progress of cotton planting and contemplated acreage. The proportion of the proposed breadth already planted on the first of May was 85.3 per cent., which approaches very closely the area usually planted at that date, which is estimated at 86 per cent. In exceptional distress correspondents report drouth, while in others the returns show the retarding causes to be frost and excessive rain. Germination has been slow and the growth of plant backward. Some indications have been given as to the contemplated acreage, as compared with that of last year, which was considerably below the average for a series of years, but they are of an uncertain character, and therefore it is impossible to base any satisfactory predictions thereon, and the figures relating thereto are only given to indicate what the correspondents believed to be the intention as to acreage. There will be less replanting than usual, owing to the great scarcity of seed. Estimate of acreage will be made on June 1 as usual.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

THE German Kaiser is a very expert horseman.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S late continental trip cost about $50,000.

SAMUEL MINTURN PECK, the poet, now weighs 250 pounds.

IN Spain the Duke of Veragua is popularly known as the best breeder of bulls for bull fights.

THE former Adjutant General of the United States Army, General R. C. Drum, is living on a farm in Maryland.

LORD WOLSELEY, the greatest of living English soldiers, is below medium height and slender and lithe of frame.

THE Earl of Craven, at the very altar itself, and in the act of receiving the hand of his bride, in New York, wore his trousers turned up.

JULES VERNE, who is about to bring out his seventy-fourth novel, is said to be a native of Warsaw. His real name is said to be Olchewitz.

PRINCE BISMARCK recently addressed the students at Bonn and it is recorded that in mentioning the subject of dueling he did not actually condemn it.

PRESIDENT MCCOSH, of Princeton College, is a great lover of flowers and he watches over those in his garden as tenderly as does a mother over her baby.

W. S. GILBERT has so far cleared $200,000 off his play of "Pygmalion and Galatea," which is said to be the most valuable theatrical property in the world.

WHEN Gladstone is about to make a great speech in the House of Commons somebody tidies him up, straightens his neckcloth, brushes his coat and puts a flower in his buttonhole.

PROFESSOR CASPAR RENE GREGORY, the only American we recall who is a professor in a German university, has just received the honorary doctorate in theology from the theological faculty at Leipzig.

HENRY REGINALD ASTOR CAREY, a nephew of the late John Jacob Astor, died suddenly of heart disease at Newport, R. I. He was a member of the Rhode Island Legislature and prominent in club life in New York City and his native State.

MISS JENNIE YOUNG, the American woman who owns extensive salt deposits in Chihuahua and Coahuila, Mexico, has gone to England to bring over several thousand English families to settle on the lands which she has been granted by the Mexican Government.

THE Maharajah of Patiala has married an English lady, Miss Florrie Bryan, according to Sikh rites. Patiala is a native State in the Punjab of India, partly in the plain south of the Sutlej and partly among the hills near Simla. It has a population of about 1,500,000.

FREDERICK WEYERHAUSER, one of the richest of the lumber kings of Minnesota, began work in a brewery when he came to this country from Germany. He worked for $1 a day, then was employed at piling slabs in a sawmill, and finally came to own many saw-mills and lumber camps.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

GEORGIA is becoming a fruit State.

CHICAGO hotels are filling up rapidly.

FAILURES generally are on the increase.

THE outlook for crops in Europe is bad.

THE naval review ships employed 9000 men.

THE russet shoe will have another run this summer.

ANOTHER Cuban revolution is said to be hatching.

ENGLAND is taking more precautions to quarantine every point against cholera.

FOUR THOUSAND pictures of crooks have been secured for the guidance of Chicago police.

THE bankers and financiers of the world will hold a congress at Chicago from June 19 to 25.

SEALERS in British Columbia complain of robberies committed from the American side of the line.

ABOUT 5000 flags are used in decorating the World's Fair buildings, and they have cost in all $50,000.

AMONG the sheep of this country the losses during the past year have been heavier than last season.

ADVICES from all parts of Prussia announce that rain is falling in the districts which have suffered most from the long continued drought.

COLONEL JOSEPH F. FOARD, of Nashville, Tenn., has offered $100,000 a year for the hire of the Arkansas State convicts, the State to have their keeping.

CONSERVATIVE tobacco factors at Cincinnati estimate that the recent storms in Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky have damaged the tobacco crop $100,000.

TROOPS are massing in Cuba to stamp out the revolution. The Government is confident of suppressing the uprising. Friends of the revolutionists in this country are ready to give them every support.

LORD DUNRAVEN'S new yacht, the Valkyrie, has been launched at Glasgow. The length is eighty-feet and its tonnage is 220. The yacht is plainly and tastefully upholstered, and will have three boats.

SEWARD GERNERT, a wealthy Pennsylvania farmer, found guilty of stealing tons of butter from creameries throughout Lehigh and Berks County, has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment at hard labor.

THE new Cunarder Campania is the largest steamship built since the Great Eastern was launched in 1859. In length she is sixty feet shorter, in breadth is about eighteen feet less and in depth fifteen feet less than the leviathan which proved a complete commercial failure.

"CAN'T you give me employment, mum," asked the tramp. "Certainly," said the kind woman. "Go chase yourself off the place."—Exchange.

LATER NEWS.

THE body of Roehl, the condemned murderer who recently escaped from Sing Sing (N. Y.) Prison, was found floating in the Hudson River near Sing Sing. A bullet hole in his head and a fracture of the skull from a blow led to the belief that his companion, Pallister, killed him.

CAPTAIN ALFRED T. MAHAN, late President of the Naval War College, relieved Captain John F. McGlensey as Commander of Admiral Walker's flagship, the Chicago, now in New York Harbor.

JOSEPH FRANCIS, the life saving boat inventor, died a few days since in Cooperstown, N. Y. He was born on March 12, 1801, in Boston, Mass. In 1887 both houses of the National Legislature passed resolutions thanking him for his "lifelong services to humanity and to his country."

THE National League of Republican Clubs and the National Republican Committee both held meetings in Louisville, Ky. Thomas H. Carter was elected Chairman and Joseph H. Manley Secretary.

A BARGE loaded with fireworks exploded on the river at Thunderbolt, Ga., during an illumination. Ferguson, a Philadelphia employe, of Pain & Son, and one colored man on board were killed. Neither of the bodies was recovered.

THE President has appointed James H. Blount, of Georgia, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Hawaiian Islands, succeeding John L. Stevens, resigned. Mr. Blount's commission will be sent him by the next mail for Honolulu.

ARGUMENTS were made in the United States Court in the cases of the three Chinamen arrested to test the constitutionality of the Geary Exclusion law.

THE President appointed Frank H. Jones, of Springfield, Ill., First Assistant Postmaster-General, vice H. Clay Evans, resigned.

BY an order issued by the Navy Department Surgeon-General Browne was relieved from duty as chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery and placed on the retired list. He was appointed from New Hampshire, and has served more than forty years in the navy. He was retired on account of age.

THE Greek Ministry, headed by M. Tricoupis, has resigned, owing to the failure to negotiate a loan for the relief of the present embarrassed condition of Greek finances.

ADMIRAL GOMEZ Y LONO, who commanded the Spanish vessels of war in the recent naval review in New York Harbor, and who was prevented by ill health from reviewing the land parade, and went to Havana, Cuba, later in his flagship, the Infanta Isabel, is dead.

HERR DELEZUK, actor, committed suicide on the stage at Lomberg, Galicia, by blowing out his brains. An actress with whom he was in love flirted with another man.

QUEEN VICTORIA, of England, opened the Imperial Institute in London, and was enthusiastically received by enormous crowds. It was announced that it was her last public appearance.

IN the Herald regatta for American sailors in New York Harbor the first race was won by the Newark's cutter, Bancroft second, Philadelphia third. The second race was won by crew No. 2 of the Vesuvius, Baltimore second, Vesuvius No. 1 third. Delegations from the crews of all the foreign men-of-war in the harbor attended a reception on the Baltimore.

CHARLES and Eli Havener, brothers, aged twenty-eight and thirty, respectively, were drowned by the capsizing of a sailboat near Round Pond, Me.

WARREN G. BUTTERWORTH, aged seventy, of Warren, Mass., committed suicide by shooting himself through the head with a rifle. His daughter Emma, aged twenty-three, who was trying to prevent her father from killing himself, received the bullet in her brain after it had passed through her father's head, and she died also.

THE Columbia National Bank, of Chicago, Ill., and the Capital National, of Indianapolis, Ind., have suspended.

W. W. TRACY, of Illinois, was chosen President of the Republican National League of Clubs by the Louisville (Ky.) Convention; the convention adjourned after selecting Denver, Col., as the next place of meeting.

AN Ohio River train near Parkersburg, W. V., fell thirty-five feet and burned fiercely. Two trainmen were killed.

TWO HUNDRED feet of the Lakeport levee broke, and Arkansas City, Ark., was in danger of being flooded.

GENERAL EDWARD D. TOWNSEND, for a number of years Adjutant-General of the Army, died at his residence in Washington. He was born in Boston in 1817, and was graduated at West Point in 1837.

THE President appointed J. Hampton Hoge, of Virginia, to be United States Consul at Amoy, China, vice Edward Bedloe, of Philadelphia.

THE drought of the last eight weeks has caused a great loss of farm and market garden products in the south of England. Caterpillars are destroying the leaves, blossoms and small fruit in the orchards.

RAMPANT Carlists were met in Madrid, Spain, by clubs and bayonets. They intended to storm the Cortes, but the scheme miscarried.

THE KAISER BEATEN.

German Legislators Tire of the Reign of Militarism.

The German Army bill was rejected in the Reichstag at Berlin by a majority of forty-eight. The vote stood 162 in favor of the measure and 210 against it.

Immediately upon the announcement of the vote Chancellor von Caprivi read the Imperial message decreeing the dissolution of the Reichstag.

Great confusion and uproar followed. The Social Democratic members displayed the wildest enthusiasm over the result. They hurrahed repeatedly, following cheer with cheer.

The new elections, which, under the constitution, must take place within sixty days after dissolution, are ordered by the Emperor's decree to be held June 15. The new session must open within ninety days after dissolution.

Chancellor von Caprivi went to Pottsdam directly after the rescript was promulgated to offer his resignation. The Emperor summoned Count Botho von Eulenberg, the Prussian Premier, to Potsdam.

Count Botho von Eulenberg took the place of Chancellor von Caprivi as Prussian Premier about a year ago, when the Chancellor resigned, owing to the Kaiser's decision to withdraw the Education bill from the Prussian Landtag.

The last attempt at compromise having failed, Chancellor Caprivi refusing to sanction a proposition to make the two years' active service permanent, the Emperor became impatient of further delay and pressed for a decision by the Reichstag.

The failure of the Army bill makes it necessary for the Kaiser to defer for the present his projected reform of the higher military commands and of the posts in the War Office.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Fire Destroys 116 Houses in the City of Kowal, Poland.

The city of Kowal, in Poland, about eighty miles south of Warsaw, has been visited by a destructive conflagration resulting in the loss of many lives.

The town has a population of between 3000 and 4000. Fire broke out and spread rapidly, consuming 116 houses, including the infirmary and asylum.

No less than eighty persons perished in the calamitous visitation, and 300 families were made homeless as well as destitute.

FIFTY shares of the Keeley Motor Company, par value $50 each, were sold at auction in New York City for $4 for the lot.

LIVES LOST IN A WRECK.

AN APPALLING RAILROAD ACCIDENT IN INDIANA.

The Air Brakes Wouldn't Work, and the Train Was Going Sixty Miles an Hour—It Left the Track and Plunged Into the Station—People Killed on the Platform.

A terrible accident occurred on the Big Four Road in Lafayette, Ind., at 1:15 a few mornings ago, as a result of which ten men were killed and many more injured. The train was the east-bound passenger leaving Chicago at 9 p. m. The accident was caused by the failure of the airbrake to work.

The engineer undoubtedly discovered this before reaching the cut beyond the Wabash River, as the vigorous whistling of the engine for brakes could be heard when the train was still a mile west of the city. The engineer's desperate efforts to stop the train were shown by the large amount of sand thrown by him on the bridge through which the train came just before the fatal crash.

The engine dashed out of the bridge over the Wabash River at a speed of not less than sixty miles an hour, crashing into the depot building, tearing off a portion of the depot and train sheds, and carrying them several hundred feet. The engine when it left the track was followed by the baggage car, two postal cars and the express and all were piled in a heap, burying a score or more victims.

The trucks of the first day coach were dragged out and the side of the car knocked into fragments, but no passengers in this car were injured. The chair car and two Pullman sleepers remained on the track. Fire started from the stove in the baggage car, but the Fire Department rapidly extinguished the flames.

A large crowd of citizens gathered very quickly, and a force of local physicians gave the necessary attention to the wounded. Several victims of the wreck were persons standing in the depot waiting for the train, a hackman, a mail cart driver, and passengers.

The dead were: Michael Welch, engineer, Indianapolis; Fireman McInnis, Indianapolis; Ed. Myers, Logansport, mail clerk; —— McMahon, Cincinnati, express messenger; A. R. Chadwick, Cincinnati, mail clerk; Charles Meyers, Lafayette, hackman; John Lennon, Lafayette, mail cart driver; Jesse H. Long, Lebanon, Ind., mail clerk; Charles Schanell, passenger, had just bought a ticket to Indianapolis; Otto Jerselson, Alhambra Hotel, Chicago, passenger waiting for the train.

Eleven others were injured. The damage to property will be fully $30,000.

High bluffs rise on the west bank of the Wabash, just opposite the city, and there is a long and steep grade at that point. The ill-fated train must have been a mile up the grade from the river when the engineer discovered that there was something wrong with the air brakes, for he began to whistle shrilly for hand brakes. The speed at that time had increased so terrifically, however, that its control was beyond human agency.

The engine dashed around the curves and across the long bridge, although the man at the throttle had reversed the machinery and streams of fire were being dashed off from the driving wheels. Just after leaving the east end of the long bridge the cars described a semicircle at the midway point. When the engine struck that sharp curve it left the track, followed by the cars, and they piled upon each other 100 feet away after crashing through the train sheds.

MANY COOKED ALIVE.

The Boiler of a Mississippi River Steamer Bursts.

One of the worst catastrophes which has occurred in that region for years took place on the Mississippi River at Wolf Island, twenty-four miles below Cairo, Ill., at 7:45 the other morning. A rear end of one of the boilers of the steamer Ohio, a Cincinnati and Memphis packet, blew out, filling the deck cabin with steam and boiling water. Several of the deck hands and deck passengers, who were eating breakfast at the time, were literally cooked alive, and a large number were considered seriously burned. Following is a list of the dead: William Hurstman, colored, fireman, St. Louis; Hampton Collins, colored, Memphis; Theodus Woods, colored; Cyrus Meyers, white, engineer mate, of Cincinnati, jumped into the river and was drowned; two colored men, unidentified.

The wildest consternation reigned on board the boat, and the screams of the passengers and the groans and appeals of the victims made the scene a terrible one. The boat could proceed no further, and for several hours it lay on the bank, while the victims lay on the deck writhing in agony and calling aloud for aid.

At last the tug Aegus hove in sight. She was hailed, and the sufferers, twenty-two in number, were transferred to her deck and she immediately steamed to Cairo. Word had been telegraphed of the accident, and every physician in town was on the wharf to meet her. The suffering of the victims was alleviated as much as possible, but before they could be removed from the boat four of them were dead. The remainder were transferred to the United States Marine Hospital. Another one died soon after reaching there, and the surgeon declared that ten of the sixteen in the hospital would die.

TRAMPS KILLED.

Beating Their Way on a Freight Train When It Was Wrecked.

While the first section of a north bound Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton freight train was taking water near Tadmer, Ohio, the second section dashed into it, making a bad wreck. Of six tramps who were in one of the cars of the first section beating their way towards Lima, Ohio, only one survived.

The engineer and fireman of the second section saved their lives by jumping an instant before the crash. The crew of the first section had neglected to display the proper signals.

THE great tunnel which is to drain the valley of Mexico is nearly finished, and will be completed in fifteen months. It is expected to transform Mexico into a very healthy city.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., Props. of Hall's Catarrh Cure, offer $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for testimonials, free.